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Laws  
relating to the  
U. S. Public Health Service  
1796 - 1915



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Laws

relating to the

U. S. Public Health Service

1796 - 1915

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UNITED STATES STATUTES AT LARGE, VOL. I, PAGE 474  
CHAP. XXXII (Approved May 27, 1796)

AN ACT RELATIVE TO QUARANTINE

Be it enacted, etc., That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby authorized, to direct the revenue officers and the officers commanding forts and revenue cutters, to aid in the execution of quarantine, and also in the execution of the health laws of the states, respectively, in such manner as may to him appear necessary.



UNITED STATES STATUTES AT LARGE, VOL. I, PAGE 605  
CHAP. LXXVII. (Approved July 16, 1798)

AN ACT FOR THE RELIEF OF SICK AND DISABLED SEAMEN

Be it enacted, etc., That from and after the first day of September next, the master or owner of every ship or vessel of the United States, arriving from a foreign port into any port of the United States, shall, before such ship or vessel shall be admitted to an entry, render to the collector a true account of the number of seamen that shall have been employed on board such vessel since she was last entered at any port in the United States, - and shall pay to the said collector, at the rate of twenty cents per month for every seaman so employed; which sum he is hereby authorized to retain out of the wages of such seamen.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That from and after the first day of September next, no collector shall grant to any ship or vessel whose enrolment or license for carrying on the coasting trade has expired, a new enrolment or license before the master of such ship or vessel shall first render a true account to the collector. of the number of seamen, and the time they have severally been employed on board such ship or vessel, during the continuance of the license which has so expired, and pay to such collector twenty cents per month for every month such seamen have been severally employed, as aforesaid; which sum the said master is hereby authorized to retain out of the wages of such seamen. And if any such master shall render a false account of the number of men, and the length of time they have severally been employed, as is herein required, he shall forfeit and pay one hundred dollars.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the several collectors to make a quarterly return of the sums collected by them, respectively, by virtue of this act, to the Secretary of the Treasury; and the President of the United States is hereby authorized, out of the same, to provide for the temporary relief and maintenance of sick or disabled seamen, in the hospitals or other proper institutions now established in the several ports of the United States, or in ports where no such institutions exist, then in such other manner as he may direct; Provided, that the monies collected in any one district shall be expended within the same.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That if any surplus shall remain of the monies to be collected by virtue of this act, after defraying the expense of such temporary relief and support, that the same, to-





gether with such private donations as may be made for that purpose (which the President is hereby authorized to receive) shall be invested in the stock of the United States under the direction of the President; and when, in his opinion, a sufficient fund shall be accumulated, he is hereby authorized to purchase or receive cessions or donations of ground or buildings, in the name of the United States, and to cause buildings, when necessary, to be erected as hospitals for the accommodations of sick and disabled seamen.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby authorized to nominate and appoint, in such ports of the United States, as he may think proper, one or more persons, to be called directors of the marine hospitals of the United States, whose duty it shall be to direct the expenditure of the fund assigned for their respective ports, according to the third section of this act; to provide for the accommodation of sick and disabled seamen, under such general instructions as shall be given by the President of the United States, for that purpose, and also subject to the like general instructions, to direct and govern such hospitals as the President may direct to be built in the respective ports; and that the said directors shall hold their offices during the pleasure of the President, who is authorized to fill up all vacancies that may be occasioned by the death or removal of any of the persons so to be appointed. And the said directors shall render an account of the monies received and expended by them, once in every quarter of a year, to the Secretary of the Treasury, or such other person as the President shall direct; but no other allowance or compensation shall be made to the said directors, except the payment of such expenses as they may incur in the actual discharge of the duties required by this act.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTH CONGRESS, 3d SESS., PAGE 619  
CHAP. XII. (Approved February 25, 1799)

AN ACT RESPECTING QUARANTINES AND HEALTH LAWS

Be it enacted, etc., That the quarantines and other restraints which shall be required and established by the health laws of any state or pursuant thereto respecting any vessels arriving in or bound to any port or district thereof, whether from a foreign port or place, or from another district of the United States, shall be duly observed by the collectors and all other officers of the revenue of the United States, appointed and employed for the several collection districts of such state respectively, and by the masters and crews of the several revenue cutters, and by the military officers who shall command in any fort or station upon the seacoast, and all such officers of the United States shall be, and they hereby are, authorized and required faithfully to aid in the execution of such quarantines and health laws, according to their respective powers and precincts, and as they shall be directed from time to time by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, and the said Secretary shall be, and he is hereby, authorized when a conformity to such quarantines and health laws shall require it and in respect to vessels which shall be subject thereto, to prolong the terms limited for the entry of their cargoes, and to vary or dispense with any other regulation applicable to such reports or entries; Provided that nothing herein shall enable any state to collect a duty of tonnage or impost without the consent of the Congress of the United States thereto: and Provided that no part of the cargo of any vessel shall, in any case, be taken out or unladen therefrom, otherwise than as by law is allowed, or according to the regulations hereinafter established.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That when, by the health laws of any state, or by the regulations which shall be made pursuant thereto, any vessel arriving within a collection district of such state, shall be prohibited from coming to the port of entry or delivery by law established for such district, and it shall be required or permitted by such health laws, that the cargo of such vessel shall or may be unladen at some other place within or near to such district, the collector authorized therein, after due report to him of the whole of such cargo may grant his especial warrant or permit for the unloading and discharge thereof under the care of the surveyor or of one or more inspectors at some other place where such health laws shall permit, and upon the conditions and restrictions which shall be directed by the Secretary of the Treasury, or which such collector may, for the time, reasonably judge expedient for the security





of the public revenue: Provided, that in every such case all the articles of the cargo so to be unladen shall be deposited at the risk of the parties concerned therein, in such public or other warehouses or inclosures as the collector shall designate, there to remain under the joint custody of such collector and of the owner or owners, or master, or other person having charge of such vessel, until the same shall be entirely unladen or discharged; and until the goods, wares or merchandise which shall be so deposited may be safely removed, without contravening such health laws; and when such removal shall be allowed the collector having charge of such goods, wares or merchandise, may grant permits to the respective owners or consignees, their factors or agents, to receive all goods, wares or merchandise, which shall be entered, and whereof the duties shall be paid or secured, according to law, upon the payment by them of a reasonable rate of storage; which shall be fixed by the Secretary of the Treasury for all public warehouses and inclosures.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That there shall be purchased or erected under the orders of the President of the United States suitable warehouses with wharves and inclosures where goods and merchandise may be unladen and deposited from any vessel which may be subject to a quarantine or other restraint pursuant to the health laws of any state as aforesaid at such convenient place or places therein, as the safety of the public revenue and the observance of such health laws may require.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That when by the prevalence of any contagious or epidemical disease, in or near the place by law established as the port of entry for any collection district it shall become dangerous or inconvenient for the collector and the other officers of the revenue employed therein to continue the discharge of their respective offices at such port, the Secretary, or in his absence, the Comptroller of the Treasury of the United States, may direct and authorize the removal of the collector, and the other officers employed in this department, from such port or to any other convenient place, within, or as near as may be, to such collection district, where such collector and officers may exercise the same authorities, and shall be liable to the same duties, according to existing circumstances, as in such lawful port or district; and of such removal, public notice shall be given as soon as may be.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the judge of any district court of the United States, within whose district any contagious or epidemical disease shall at any time prevail so as in his opinion to endanger the life or lives of any person or persons confined in the prison of such district in pursuance of any law of the





United States, to direct the marshall to cause the person or persons confined as aforesaid to be removed to the next adjacent prison where such disease does not prevail, there to be confined until he, she, or they, may safely be removed back to the place of their first confinement, which removal shall be at the expense of the United States.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That in case of the prevalence of a contagious or epidemical disease at the seat of Government it shall be lawful for the President of the United States to permit and direct the removal of any or all the public offices to such other place or places as in his discretion shall be deemed most safe and convenient for conducting the public business.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That whenever the opinion of the Chief Justice, or in case of his death or inability of the Senior Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, a contagious sickness shall render it hazardous to hold the next stated session of the said court at the seat of Government it shall be lawful for the Chief or such Associate Justice to issue his order to the marshal of the district within which the Supreme Court is by law to be holden, directing him to adjourn the said session of the said court to such other place within the same or an adjoining district as he may deem convenient and the said marshal shall thereupon adjourn the said court by making publication thereof in one or more public papers printed at the place by law appointed for holding the same, from the time he shall receive such order until the time by law prescribed for commencing the said session. And the district judges shall, respectively, under the same circumstances have the same power by the same means to direct adjournments of the district and circuit courts within their several districts to some convenient place within the same respectively.

Sec. 8. And be it further enacted, That the act entitled "An act relative to quarantine" passed in the First session of the Fourth Congress of the United States, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTH CONGRESS, 3d SESS., PAGE 729  
CHAP. XXXVI. (Approved March 2. 1799)

AN ACT IN ADDITION TO "AN ACT FOR THE RELIEF OF SICK AND DISABLED  
SEAMEN."

Be it enacted, etc., That the President of the United States shall be, and he hereby is authorized to direct the expenditure of any monies which have been or shall be collected by virtue of an act, entitled "An act for the relief of sick and disabled seamen," to be made within the state wherein the same shall have been collected, or within the state next adjoining thereto, excepting what may be collected in the States of New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut; anything in the said act contained to the contrary thereof, notwithstanding.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Navy shall be, and he hereby is authorized and directed to deduct, after the first day of September next, from the pay thereafter to become due, of the officers, seamen and marines of the Navy of the United States, at the rate of twenty cents per month for every such officer, seaman and marine, and to pay the same quarter annually to the Secretary of the Treasury, to be applied to the same purposes, as the money collected by virtue of the above mentioned act is appropriated.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the officers, seamen and marines of the Navy of the United States, shall be entitled to receive the same benefits and advantages, as by the act above mentioned are provided for the relief of the sick and disabled seamen of the merchant vessels of the United States.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, SEVENTH CONGRESS, 1st SESS., PAGE 192.  
CHAP. LI. (Approved May 3, 1802.)

AN ACT TO AMEND AN ACT, INTITLED "AN ACT FOR THE RELIEF OF SICK AND DISABLED SEAMEN," AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted, etc., That the monies heretofore collected in pursuance of the several acts "for the relief of sick and disabled seamen," and at present unexpended, together with the monies hereafter to be collected by authority of the before-mentioned acts, shall constitute a general fund, which the President of the United States shall use and employ as circumstances shall require for the benefit and convenience of sick and disabled American seamen; Provided, That the sum of fifteen thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated for the erection of an hospital in the district of Massachusetts.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the President of the United States to cause such measures to be taken as, in his opinion, may be expedient for providing convenient accommodations, medical assistance, necessary attendance, and supplies for the relief of sick or disabled seamen of the United States who may be at or near the port of New Orleans, in case the same can be done with the assent of the government having jurisdiction over the port; and for this purpose, to establish such regulations, and to authorize the employment of such persons as he may judge proper; and that for defraying the expense thereof, a sum not exceeding three thousand dollars be paid out of any monies arising from the said fund not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That from and after the thirtieth day of June next, the master of every boat, raft or flat, belonging to any citizen of the United States which shall go down the Mississippi with intention to proceed to New Orleans shall, on his arrival at Fort Adams, render to the collector or naval officer thereof, a true account of the number of persons on board such boat, raft or flat, and the time that each person has been so employed, and shall pay to the said collector or naval officer at the rate of twenty-five cents per month, for every person so employed, which sum, he is hereby authorized to retain out of the wages of such person; and the said collector or naval officer shall not give a clearance for such boat, raft or flat, to proceed on her voyage to New Orleans, until an account be rendered to him of the number of persons employed on board such boat, raft or flat, and the money paid to him by the master or owner thereof; and if any such master shall render a false account of the number of persons, and the length of





time they have severally been employed, as is herein required, he shall forfeit and pay fifty dollars, which shall be applied to, and shall make a part of, the said general fund for the purposes of this act: Provided, that all persons employed in navigating any such boat, raft or flat shall be considered as seamen of the United States, and entitled to the relief extended by law to sick and disabled seamen.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby authorized to nominate and appoint for the port of New Orleans, a fit person to be director of the marine hospital of the United States, whose duties shall be in all instances the same as the directors of the marine hospitals of the United States, as directed and required by the act intituled "An act for the relief of sick and disabled seamen." (Act of July 16, 1798, Chap. 76).

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That each and every director of the marine hospitals within the United States shall, if it can with convenience be done, admit into the hospital of which he is director, sick foreign seamen, on the application of the master or commander of any foreign vessel to which such sick seamen may belong; and each seaman so admitted shall be subject to a charge of seventy-five cents per day for each day he may remain in the hospital, the payment of which the master or commander of such foreign vessel shall make to the collector of the district in which said hospital is situated; and the collector shall not grant a clearance to any foreign vessel, until the money due from such master or commander, in manner and form aforesaid, shall be paid; and the director of each hospital is hereby directed, under the penalty of fifty dollars, to make out the accounts against each foreign seaman that may be placed in the hospital, under his direction, and render the same to the collector.

Sec. 6. And be it further directed, That the collectors shall pay the money collected, by virtue of this and the act to which this is an amendment, into the Treasury of the United States, and be accountable therefor, and receive the same commission thereon, as for other money by them collected.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That each and every director of the marine hospitals shall be accountable at the Treasury of the United States for the money by them received in the same manner as other receivers of public money, and for the sums by them expended shall be allowed a commission at the rate of one per cent.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, EIGHTH CONGRESS, 2nd SESS., PAGE 330.  
CHAP. XXVIII. (Approved March 2, 1805).

AN ACT TO AMEND THE ACT INTITLED "AN ACT FOR THE GOVERNMENT AND REGU-  
LATION OF SEAMEN IN THE MERCHANTS' SERVICE."

Be it enacted, etc., That all the provisions, regulations and penalties which are contained in the 8th section of the act intituled "An act for the government and regulation of seamen in the merchants' service," so far as relates to a chest of medicines to be provided for vessels of one hundred and fifty tons burthen and upwards, shall be extended to all merchant vessels of the burthen of seventy-five tons or upwards, navigated with six persons or more, in the whole, and bound from the United States to any port or ports in the West Indies.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, ELEVENTH CONGRESS, 3d SESS., PAGE 650.  
CHAP. XXVI. (Approved Feb. 26, 1811).

AN ACT ESTABLISHING NAVY HOSPITALS.

Be it enacted, etc., That the money hereafter collected by virtue of the act, entitled "An act in addition to an act for the relief of sick and disabled seamen," shall be paid to the Secretary of the Navy, the Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of War, for the time being, who are hereby appointed a board of commissioners, by the name and style of Commissioners of Navy Hospitals, which, together with the sum of fifty thousand dollars, hereby appropriated out of the unexpended balance of the marine hospital fund, to be paid to the commissioners aforesaid, shall constitute a fund for navy hospitals.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That all fines imposed on navy officers, seamen and marines, shall be paid to the commissioners of navy hospitals.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the commissioners of navy hospitals be and they are hereby authorized and required to procure at a suitable place or places sites for navy hospitals, and if the necessary buildings are not procured with the site, to cause such to be erected, having due regard to economy, and giving preference to such plans as with most convenience and least cost will admit of subsequent additions, as the funds will permit and circumstances require; and the commissioners are required at one of the establishments, to provide a permanent asylum for disabled and decrepit navy officers, seamen and marines.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Navy be authorized and required to prepare the necessary rules and regulations for the government of the institution, and report the same to the next session of Congress.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That when any navy officer, seaman or marine, shall be admitted into a navy hospital, that the institution shall be allowed one ration per day during his continuance therein, to be deducted from the account of the United States with such officer, seaman or marine; and in like manner, when any officer, seaman,



or marine, entitled to a pension, shall be admitted into a navy hospital, such pension during his continuance therein shall be paid to the commissioners of the navy hospitals, and deducted from the account of such pensioner.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, TWENTY-FIRST CONGRESS, 1st SESS., VOL. IV,  
PAGE 419, CHAP. C. (Approved May 20, 1830).

AN ACT FOR THE RELIEF OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF CHARLESTON, SOUTH CAROLINA.

Be it enacted, etc., That the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, if so much be necessary, be applied by the Secretary of the Treasury to the erection, or purchase of a United States Marine Hospital for the sick and disabled seamen, at Charleston, South Carolina; and also to indemnify the City Council of Charleston for the damages which they have sustained, from being obliged to provide a building or buildings for such sick and disabled seamen, as would have been entitled to relief from the Marine Hospital Fund, in consequence of the failure of the Treasury Department to furnish the amount of fifteen thousand dollars, for the erection of a Marine Hospital according to the terms of a contract entered into in the year one thousand eight hundred and four, between the then Secretary of the Treasury, and the said City Council.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated for the foregoing purposes, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Approved, May 20, 1830.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, TWENTY-SECOND CONGRESS, 1st SESS., VOL. IV,  
PAGE 577, CHAP. CCIV. (Approved July 13, 1832).

AN ACT TO ENFORCE QUARANTINE REGULATIONS.

Be it enacted, etc., That if, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Treasury, the revenue cutters, revenue boats, or revenue officers, employed or authorized to be employed for the purposes of the revenue, should be insufficient to aid in the execution of the quarantine and health laws of any state, or the regulations made pursuant thereto, the said Secretary may cause to be employed such additional revenue boats and revenue officers as he may deem necessary for that purpose, the said revenue boats to be of such size and description as he may see proper. This act to continue in force until the fourth of March, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, TWENTY-FOURTH CONGRESS, 2d SESS.,  
VOL. V, PAGE 189. (Approved March 3, 1837).

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR CERTAIN HARBORS, ETC.

And that the sum of seventy thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, for the erection of a marine hospital in the city of New Orleans, in that part of said city which shall be designated by the Secretary of the Treasury, and for the purchase of lands on which to erect said marine hospital; and that the President of the United States, be, and he is hereby authorized to select and cause to be purchased, for the use and benefit of sick seamen, boatmen, and all other navigators on the western rivers and lakes, suitable sites for marine hospitals, Provided that the number thereof shall not exceed for the river Mississippi three, for the river Ohio three, and for Lake Erie one; and to enable the President to make such selection and purchase, he may call to his aid one or more medical men of the army, not exceeding three in all, to examine and report on such sites, and to ascertain at which price the same can be had; and that the sum of fifteen thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated, to effect the purchase thereof, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated; and that suitable plans and estimates be prepared, under the direction of the Secretary of War, for the construction of said hospitals, and submitted to Congress, at the commencement of the next session thereof; and that the sum of ten thousand dollars be appropriated for the erection of a marine hospital in the city of Mobile; Provided, That the expenditures for the purchase of sites and the erection of hospitals at New Orleans and Mobile shall not exceed the amounts herein appropriated for these purposes; that from and after the first day of April next, all laws enacted whereby seamen are required to pay twenty cents a month, or their employers are required to retain that sum out of their wages, to create a fund for the sick and disabled seamen, shall be suspended for one year, during which no such exaction shall be made; and that instead of said tax there be appropriated, the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, to be disbursed in the same manner as the sum above mentioned, Provided, however, that seamen and watermen, who have not contributed to said fund, may receive relief to such extent, and under such regulations as the President of the United States shall direct.



(Obsolete)

U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, TWENTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS, 2d SESS., VOL. V,  
PAGE 546, CHAP. CCLXVI. (Approved Aug. 29, 1842)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR CERTAIN SITES FOR MARINE HOSPITALS  
THEREIN MENTIONED.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated for sites for marine hospitals, selected and purchased under the act of March third, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, entitled "An act to provide for certain harbors, and for the removal of obstructions in and at the mouths of certain rivers, and for other purposes," viz:

For a site for a marine hospital at Natchez, in the State of Mississippi, seven thousand dollars.

For a site for a marine hospital at Napoleon, in the State of Arkansas, one thousand dollars.

For the site for a marine hospital at St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, seven thousand four hundred and sixty-eight dollars.

For the site for a marine hospital at Paducah, in the State of Kentucky, one thousand dollars.

For the site for a marine hospital at Louisville, in the State of Kentucky, six thousand dollars.

For the site for a marine hospital at Pittsburg, in the State of Pennsylvania, ten thousand two hundred and fifty-three dollars.

For the site for a marine hospital at Cleveland, in the State of Ohio, twelve thousand dollars.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said several sums of money be paid out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Approved, August 29, 1842.





(Obsolete)

U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, TWENTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS, 2d SESS., VOL. V,  
PAGE 545, Chap. CCLXV. (Approved Aug. 29, 1842)

AN ACT MAKING AN APPROPRIATION FOR THE ERECTION OF A MARINE HOSPITAL  
AT OR NEAR OCRACOKE, IN NORTH CAROLINA.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of ten thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purchase of a site and the erection of a marine hospital at or near Ocracoke, in North Carolina; the site to be selected and the building to be contracted for and erected under the superintendence and direction of the Secretary of the Treasury; and that he (the Secretary of the Treasury) be directed to report to Congress, at its next session, the progress and condition of the work: Provided, That the expense of the land and building shall not exceed that sum.

Approved, August 29, 1842.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, 29th CONGRESS, 1st SESS., VOL. IX, PAGE 38.  
(Approved July 20, 1846)

AN ACT TO EXEMPT CANAL BOATS FROM THE PAYMENT OF FEES AND HOSPITAL  
MONEY.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the owner or owners, master or captain, or other persons employed in navigating canal boats without masts or steampower, now by law required to be registered, licensed, or enrolled and licensed, shall not be required to pay any marine hospital tax or money; nor shall the persons employed to navigate such boats receive any benefit or advantage from the marine hospital fund; nor shall such owner or owners, master or captain, or other persons, be required to pay fees, or make any compensation for such register, license, or enrolment and license, nor shall any such boat be subject to be libelled in any of the United States courts for wages of any person or persons who may be employed on board thereof, or in navigating the same.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That all acts, and parts of acts, repugnant to the provisions of this act, be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

Approved, July 20, 1846.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, THIRTIETH CONGRESS, 2d SESS., PAGE 367,  
CHAP. C. (Approved March 3, 1849)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE CIVIL AND DIPLOMATIC EXPENSES  
OF GOVERNMENT FOR YEAR ENDING THE THIRTIETH OF JUNE, EIGHTEEN HUN-  
DRED AND FIFTY, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted, etc., That the following sums be, and hereby are  
appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appro-  
priated, for the objects hereinafter expressed, for the fiscal year  
ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty, namely:\*

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Hospitals.- For completion of marine hospital at Pittsburg, eleven thousand six hundred and sixty-seven dollars.	\$11,667
For completion of marine hospital at Louisville, eleven thou- sand and six hundred and sixty-seven dollars.	\$11,667
For completion of marine hospitals at Cleveland, six thousand six hundred and sixty-seven dollars.	\$ 6,667
For completion of marine hospital at Chicago, twenty thousand dollars.	\$20,000
For completion of marine hospital at Paducah, twenty thousand dollars.	\$20,000
For completion of marine hospital at Natchez, twenty thousand dollars.	\$20,000
For completion of marine hospital at Napoleon, Arkansas, twenty thousand dollars.	\$20,000
For the purpose of erecting a marine hospital at or near St. Louis, Missouri, in addition to the ten thousand dollars heretofore appropriated by the act approved August third, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, for the same object, twenty thousand dollars, to be ex- pended only when the government shall have obtained a bona fide title to the site. And for the purchase of said site the ten thousand dol- lars heretofore appropriated by the act aforesaid, or so much thereof as is necessary, shall be applied.	\$20,000
To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to collect facts and in- formation in relation to marine hospitals and the marine hospital fund, and to report to Congress what alterations are necessary and practicable, in the administration of the same, one thousand dollars.	\$ 1,000

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U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, THIRTY-THIRD CONGRESS, 1st SESS., PAGES 546  
AND 558, CHAP. CCXLII. (Approved August 4, 1854)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE CIVIL AND DIPLOMATIC EXPENSES  
OF GOVERNMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING THE THIRTIETH OF JUNE, ONE THOUSAND  
EIGHT HUNDRED AND FIFTY-FIVE, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representative of the  
United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following  
sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in  
the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the objects hereafter  
expressed, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, one  
thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, namely:

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To supply a deficiency in the fund for the relief of sick and  
disabled seamen, two hundred thousand dollars.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, THIRTY-THIRD CONGRESS, 2d SESS., PAGES 643,  
669 AND 670, CHAP. CLXXV. (Approved March 3, 1855)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE CIVIL AND DIPLOMATIC EXPENSES  
OF GOVERNMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING THE THIRTIETH OF JUNE, EIGHTEEN  
HUNDRED AND FIFTY-SIX, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the  
United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following  
sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated out of any money in the  
treasury not otherwise appropriated for the objects hereafter expressed,  
for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand  
eight hundred and fifty-six, namely:-

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Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That upon the tract so to  
be selected and set apart, there shall be erected, under the direction  
of the Secretary of the Treasury, a marine hospital for said district,  
of faced brick exterior walls, upon a hammered granite underpinning,  
one hundred and forty feet long, fifty-two feet deep in the centre,  
and one hundred feet deep at the wings, and forty-five feet high from  
top of entrance-story floor to the eaves, with verandahs to each story  
on each side between the wings, and on each end of the building; for  
the construction of which a sum equal to the proceeds of the sale here-  
inafter directed, is hereby appropriated.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That a tract of ten acres of  
the land heretofore purchased by the United States for the purposes  
of the naval hospital at Chelsea, Massachusetts, be selected and set  
apart under the direction of the President of the United States, for  
the use of the marine hospital of the district of Boston and Charles-  
town.

(Note. Sections 5 and 6 were probably meant to be transposed.)

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the  
Treasury is hereby authorized to sell and convey the land with the  
buildings thereon belonging to the United States, now occupied as the  
marine hospital at Chelsea, as may seem to be most advantageous to  
the United States; and he is hereby empowered to execute valid title  
deeds of the same to the purchasers or purchasers; and that the pro-  
ceeds of such sales shall be paid into the treasury of the United  
States.

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Sec. 11. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to be constructed the following buildings:-

At Burlington, Vermont, a marine hospital, to cost not more than thirty-five thousand dollars.

At Wilmington, North Carolina, a marine hospital, including a pest-house for the separate accomodation of patients with contagious and infective diseases, to cost not more than forty thousand dollars.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, THIRTY-THIRD CONGRESS, 2d SESS., PAGES 675  
AND 680, CHAP. CXCVIII. (Approved March 3, 1855)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE NAVAL SERVICE, FOR THE YEAR  
ENDING THE THIRTIETH OF JUNE, ONE THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED AND FIFTY-  
SIX.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the  
United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following  
sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any  
money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the year ending  
the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six:-

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For the erection of a marine hospital at Galena, Illinois, fif-  
teen thousand dollars.





ESTIMATES FOR COMPENSATION OF OFFICERS.

Act approved Mar. 3, 1855.

(Revised Stat. Sec. 3662)

"All estimates for the compensation of officers authorized by law to be employed shall be founded upon the express provisions of law, and not upon the authority of executive distribution."



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, THIRTY-FOURTH CONGRESS, 1st SESS., PAGE 12,  
CHAP. XXIX. (Approved May 15, 1856)

AN ACT TO SUPPLY DEFICIENCIES IN THE APPROPRIATION FOR THE SERVICE OF  
THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING THE THIRTIETH OF JUNE, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND  
FIFTY-SIX.

To supply a deficiency in the fund for the relief of sick and  
disabled seamen, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, THIRTY-FOURTH CONGRESS, 1st SESS., CH. 129,  
PAGE 82, CHAP. CXXIX. (Approved August 18, 1856)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATION FOR CERTAIN CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE GOVERNMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING THE THIRTIETH OF JUNE, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND FIFTY-SEVEN.

To supply the deficiency in the fund for the relief of sick and disabled seamen, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

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For raising the roof of the marine hospital at Natchez, Mississippi, one thousand five hundred dollars.

To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to purchase for the United States, the lot in the rear of marine hospital at Mobile, Alabama, six thousand dollars.

For the completion of the marine hospitals at St. Mark's, Florida, and Galena, Illinois:

For St. Mark's, seventeen thousand dollars.

For Galena, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For completing the custom-house and post-office building at Cincinnati, Ohio, with all necessary additions, appendages, and accommodations, thirty-five thousand dollars.

For fencing and grading the grounds of the marine hospital at St. Louis, Missouri, twenty-six thousand three hundred dollars.

For completing the marine hospital at Evansville, Indiana, ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

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For the completion of the marine hospital at New Orleans, in addition to the appropriation heretofore made by an act approved August fourth, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one hundred and fifty-one thousand six hundred and fifty-nine dollars and twenty cents; Provided, That the Secretary of the Treasury shall be authorized to direct the said hospital to be built either of iron or of brick, or of both materials, and fireproof, as in his discretion he may deem best adapted to the climate.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, THIRTY-FOURTH CONGRESS, SECOND SESSION,  
PAGE 147, CHAP. XXVIII. (Approved August 28, 1856)

AN ACT TO SUPPLY AN OMISSION IN THE ENROLMENT OF A CERTAIN ACT.

Whereas the following clauses of the act entitled "An act making appropriations for certain civil expenses of the government for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, approved the eighteenth day of August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, to wit:

"For completing the marine hospital at Cincinnati, Ohio, eighty-six thousand dollars.

"For improving Battery and Washington streets, and roadway OP around the custom-house at San Francisco, California, thirteen thousand four hundred and one dollars, and thirty cents,"—were omitted in the enrolment of the said act:

Therefore, be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of eighty-six thousand dollars for completing the marine hospital, at Cincinnati, in the State of Ohio, and the sum of thirteen thousand four hundred and one dollars and thirty cents for improving Battery and Washington streets, and roadway O P around the custom-house, at San Francisco, in the State of California, be and the same are hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury and not otherwise appropriated.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, THIRTY-FOURTH CONGRESS, 3d SESS., PAGE 242,  
CHAP. CX. (Approved March 3, 1857)

AN ACT TO SUPPLY DEFICIENCIES IN THE APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE SERVICE  
OF THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING THE THIRTIETH OF JUNE, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED  
AND FIFTY-SEVEN.

For defraying expenses of the defence of suits against the  
United States for lands occupied by marine hospitals, light-houses,  
and fortifications at the harbor of San Francisco, California, thirty  
thousand dollars.



U. S. STATUTE AT LARGE, THIRTY-FOURTH CONGRESS , 3d SESS., CH. 108,  
PAGE 221. (Approved March 3, 1857)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATION FOR CERTAIN CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE GOVERN-  
MENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING THE THIRTIETH OF JUNE, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND  
FIFTY-EIGHT.

To supply the deficiency in the fund for the relief of sick and  
disabled seamen, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

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For annual repairs of marine hospitals, twenty-five thousand  
dollars.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, THIRTY-FIFTH CONGRESS, 1st SESS., PAGE 370,  
RESOLUTION 11. (Approved May 18, 1858.)

A RESOLUTION TO AUTHORIZE THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY TO AUDIT AND  
SETTLE THE ACCOUNTS OF THE CONTRACTOR FOR THE ERECTION OF THE UNITED  
STATES MARINE HOSPITAL AT SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

Resolved that the Senate and House of Representatives of the  
United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary  
of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to set-  
tle and adjust the accounts of the contractor for the erection of the  
United States marine hospital at San Francisco, California, and to  
pay to said contractor, out of any money in the treasury not other-  
wise appropriated, the amount that may be found to be justly due to  
him under the contracts made between said contractor and the proper  
officers of the government in reference to said building.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, THIRTY-FIFTH CONGRESS, 1st SESS., PAGE 320,  
CHAP. 154. (Approved June 12, 1858)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATION FOR SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE GOVERN-  
MENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING THE THIRTIETH OF JUNE, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND  
FIFTY-NINE.

To supply deficiency in the fund for the relief of sick and dis-  
abled seamen, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

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For the completion of marine hospitals at the following places,  
viz: at Portland, Maine, three thousand dollars; at St. Mark's,  
Florida, two thousand five hundred dollars; at New Orleans, Louisiana,  
including filling up site, grading, introducing gas and water pipes  
and fixtures, and fencing, eighty-five thousand dollars; at Cincinnati,  
Ohio, fifty thousand dollars; at Galena, Illinois, five thousand dol-  
lars; and for annual repairs at marine hospitals, fifteen thousand  
dollars: Provided, That no portion of the sums herein appropriated  
for the completion of custom-houses and marine hospitals excepting  
those for Charleston and New Orleans, shall be expended until the  
Secretary of the Treasury shall be satisfied that the sums respective-  
ly appropriated will complete the buildings for which they are intend-  
ed and until arrangements shall be made to carry this into effect.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, THIRTY-SIXTH CONGRESS, 1st SESS., PAGE 105,  
CHAP. CCXI. (Approved June 25, 1860)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE GOVERN-  
MENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING THE THIRTIETH OF JUNE, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND  
SIXTY-ONE.

Be it enacted, etc., That the following sums be, and the same  
are hereby, appropriated, for the objects hereafter expressed, for  
the fiscal year ending the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and  
sixty-one, viz.:

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To supply deficiency in the fund for the relief of sick and  
disabled seamen, one hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, THIRTY-SIXTH CONGRESS, 2d SESS., PAGE 215,  
CHAP. LXXXIV. (Approved March 2, 1861)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE GOVERNMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTY, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SIXTY-TWO.

Be it enacted, etc., That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, for the objects hereafter expressed, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, viz.:

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To supply deficiency in the fund for the relief of sick and disabled seamen, two hundred thousand dollars.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, THIRTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS, 2d SESS., PAGE 348,  
CHAP. XXXIV. (Approved March 1, 1862).

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE GOVERNMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING THE THIRTIETH OF JUNE, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SIXTY-THREE, AND ADDITIONAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDING THE THIRTIETH OF JUNE, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SIXTY-TWO.

Be it enacted, etc., That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, for the objects hereinafter expressed, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and sixty-three, viz.:

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To supply deficiency in the fund for the relief of sick and disabled seamen, two hundred thousand dollars: Provided, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to rent either of the several marine hospitals to the proper authorities of the cities, towns or counties in which said hospitals are located, and contract with such authorities for the relief of the sick and disabled seamen entitled to relief under the act of third of May, eighteen hundred and two, and in cases of infectious diseases to make such regulations for their relief as he deems expedient.

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P. 352.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby authorized and empowered to lease the property of the United States in the City of Burlington, Iowa, upon which is the United States marine hospital, first giving thirty days' notice thereof; or if he shall deem it more expedient for the Government to retain the title to said property, that he be authorized to use it for the sick and wounded soldiers of the United States, or to discharge all officers and servants of the Government connected therewith, and to close the hospital.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, THIRTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS, 3d SESS., PAGE 749,  
CHAP. LXXIX. (Approved March 3, 1863)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE GOVERN\*  
MENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTY, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SIXTY-  
FOUR, AND FOR THE YEAR ENDING THE THIRTIETH OF JUNE, 1863, AND FOR  
OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted, etc., That the following sums be, and the same  
are hereby, appropriated, for the objects hereinafter expressed, for  
the fiscal year ending the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and six-  
ty-four, viz.:

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For annual repairs of custom-houses and marine hospitals, twenty  
thousand dollars.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, THIRTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS, 1st SESS., Page 25,  
Chap. XXX. (Approved March 14, 1864)

AN ACT TO SUPPLY DEFICIENCIES IN THE APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE SERVICE  
OF THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING THE THIRTIETH OF JUNE, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED  
AND SIXTY-FOUR, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

For repairs and preservation of custom-houses, marine hospitals,  
and other public buildings, under the supervision of the Treasury  
Department, ten thousand dollars.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, THIRTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS, 1st SESS., PAGE 61,  
CHAP. LXX. (Approved April 29, 1864)

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE COLLECTION OF HOSPITAL DUES FROM VESSELS  
OF THE UNITED STATES SOLD OR TRANSFERRED IN FOREIGN PORTS OR WATERS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in case of the sale or transfer of any vessel of the United States in a foreign port or water, the consul, vice-consul, commercial agent, or vice-commercial agent of the United States within whose consulate or district such sale or transfer shall have been made, or in whose hands the papers of such vessel shall be, he and he is hereby authorized and required to collect of the master or agent of such vessel, all moneys that shall have become due to the United States under and by virtue of the act entitled "An act for the relief of sick and disabled seamen," approved July sixteenth, seventeen hundred and ninety-eight, and shall remain unpaid at the time of such sale or transfer; and that the said consul, vice-consul, commercial agent, or vice-commercial agent, (as the case may be,) be, and he is hereby, instructed and required to retain possession of the papers of such vessel until such money shall have been paid as herein provided; and in default of which, such sale or transfer shall be void, excepting as against the vendor: Provided, That this act shall not take effect until the expiration of sixty days from and after its passage.

Approved April 29, 1864.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, 38th CONGRESS, 1st SESS., PAGE 142,  
CHAP. CXL. (Approved June 20, 1864)

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY TO SELL THE MARINE HOSPITAL AND GROUNDS AT CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, AND TO PURCHASE A NEW SITE AND BUILD A NEW HOSPITAL.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized, in his discretion, to sell the marine hospital and grounds at Chicago, Illinois, the sale to be made at public auction to the highest and best bidder therefor, in ready money, after giving notice thereof six weeks in succession in two daily papers printed in the city of Chicago. And upon sale being made, as aforesaid, the said Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and empowered to make, execute and deliver to the purchaser thereof a good and sufficient deed for the premises, conveying all the right, title and interest of the United States.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That out of the proceeds of the said sale the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby directed to purchase a new and more eligible site for a marine hospital in or near Chicago, and erect a new hospital thereon, which site and building shall in no event cost more than the amount received from the sale of the hospital and grounds which are hereby authorized to be sold; and it is hereby provided that the possession of the said hospital and grounds shall be retained by the United States until the new hospital to be built under the provisions of this act shall be fully completed and ready for use.

Approved June 20, 1864.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, THIRTY-NINTH CONGRESS, 1st SESS., RESOLUTION 16, PAGE 351. (Approved March 24, 1866)

JOINT RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE SECRETARIES OF WAR AND NAVY TO PLACE HULKS AND VESSELS AT THE DISPOSAL OF COMMISSIONERS OF QUARANTINE, OR OTHER PROPER AUTHORITIES, AT PORTS OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR ONE YEAR.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy be, and they are hereby, respectively authorized, in their discretion, to place gratuitously at the disposal of the commissioners of quarantine, or the proper authorities of any of the ports of the United States, to be used by them temporarily for quarantine purposes, such vessels or hulks belonging to the United States as are not required for other uses of the national government, subject to such restrictions and regulations as the said Secretaries may respectively deem necessary to impose for the preservation thereof: Provided, That this resolution shall continue in force one year from its passage.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, THIRTY-NINTH CONGRESS, SESS. I, CHAP. 28,  
PAGE 22. (Approved April 7, 1866)

AN ACT MAKING ADDITIONAL APPROPRIATIONS, AND TO SUPPLY THE DEFICIENCIES IN THE APPROPRIATIONS FOR SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING THE THIRTIETH OF JUNE, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SIXTY-SIX, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

For securing the right of way and building a bridge across the canal to the marine hospital near Portland, Maine, three thousand dollars.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, THIRTY-NINTH CONGRESS, 1st SESS., PAGE 40,  
CHAP. LXIII. (Approved April 20, 1866)

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE SALE OF MARINE HOSPITALS AND OF REVENUE  
CUTTERS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to lease, or to sell at public auction, to the highest and best bidder, for cash, after due notice in the public newspapers, such marine hospital buildings and lands appertaining thereto as he may deem advisable, and he is hereby empowered to make, execute, and deliver all needful conveyances to the lessees or purchasers thereof respectively; and the proceeds of said leases and sales are hereby appropriated for the marine hospital establishment: Provided, That the hospitals at Cleveland, Ohio, and Portland, Maine, shall not be sold or leased, nor shall any hospital be sold or leased where no other suitable and sufficient hospital accommodations can be procured upon reasonable terms for the comfort and convenience of the patients.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, THIRTY-NINTH CONGRESS, 1st SESS., PAGE 76,  
CHAP. CXLIII. (Approved June 27, 1866)

AN ACT TO AMEND AN ACT ENTITLED "AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE SALE OF  
MARINE HOSPITALS AND REVENUE CUTTERS," APPROVED APRIL 20TH, 1866.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act entitled "An act to authorize the sale of marine hospitals and revenue cutters," approved April twentieth, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, shall not be construed to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to lease or sell any such hospital where the relief furnished to sick marine(r)s shall show an extent of relief equal to twenty cases per diem, or an average, for the last preceeding four years, or where no other suitable and sufficient hospital accommodations can be procured upon reasonable terms for the comfort and convenience of the patients.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, THIRTY-NINTH CONGRESS, SESS. I, PAGE 310,  
CHAP. CCXCVI. (Approved July 28, 1866)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE GOVERNMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SIXTY-SEVEN, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

For supplying deficiency in the fund for the relief of sick and disabled seamen, two hundred thousand dollars.

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For repairs of Chelsea Marine Hospital, Chelsea, Massachusetts, forty thousand dollars.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, THIRTY-NINTH CONGRESS, SESS. I, RESOLUTION 42, PAGE 357. (Approved May 26, 1866)

JOINT RESOLUTION RESPECTING QUARANTINE AND HEALTH LAWS.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized to make and carry into effect such orders and regulations of quarantine as, in his opinion, may be deemed necessary and proper, in aid of State or municipal authorities, to guard against the introduction of the cholera into the ports of the United States; and the Secretary of the Treasury is further authorized to direct the revenue officers and the officers commanding revenue cutters to aid in the execution of such quarantine, and also in the execution of the health laws of the States respectively in such manner as may to him seem necessary. And such an amount of money as may be necessary to carry into effect this joint resolution is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated; Provided the authority hereby granted shall expire on the first Monday in January, Anno Domini, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, THIRTY-NINTH CONGRESS, 2d SESS., RESOLUTION 32, PAGE 569. (Approved Feb. 28, 1867)

JOINT RESOLUTION TO EXTEND THE TIME FOR THE USE OF CERTAIN VESSELS FOR QUARANTINE PURPOSES AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the authority conferred by joint resolution of March twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, upon the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy respectively, to place, in their discretion, gratuitously, at the disposal of the commissioners of quarantine, or the proper authorities of any of the ports of the United States, to be used by them temporarily for quarantine purposes, such vessels or hulks belonging to the United States as are not required for other uses, be continued for two years after the passage of this joint resolution.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, THIRTY-NINTH CONGRESS, 2d SESS., PAGE 455,  
CHAP. CLXVI. (Approved March 2, 1867)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE LEGISLATIVE, EXECUTIVE, AND  
JUDICIAL EXPENSES OF THE GOVERNMENT, FOR THE YEAR ENDING THE THIRTI-  
ETH OF JUNE, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SIXTY-EIGHT, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

For supply deficiency in the fund for the relief of sick and dis-  
abled seamen, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FORTIETH CONGRESS, 2d SESS., CHAP. CLXXVII.  
(Approved July 20, 1868)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE GOVERNMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTY, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SIXTY-NINE, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

For supplying deficiency in the fund for the relief of sick and disabled seamen, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars: Provided, That hereafter the Secretary of the Treasury shall communicate at each annual session of Congress a full and complete statement in detail of the amounts collected from seamen, and also the amount expended for sick and disabled seamen, in accordance with the provisions of the act of May third, eighteen hundred and two.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FORTIETH CONGRESS, 2d SESS., PAGE 173,  
CHAP. CCLIII. (Approved July 25, 1868)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS AND TO SUPPLY DEFICIENCIES IN THE  
APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE SERVICE OF THE GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL  
YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SIXTY-EIGHT, AND  
FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

For remodelling the marine hospital at Chelsea, Massachusetts,  
forty-five thousand dollars.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FORTIETH CONGRESS, 3d SESS., PAGE 302,  
CHAP. CXXII. (Approved March 3, 1869)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE GOVERN-  
MENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SEVENTY,  
AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

For supplying deficiency in the fund for the relief of sick and  
disabled seamen, one hundred thousand dollars.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FORTIETH CONGRESS, 3d SESS., PAGE 312,  
CHAP. CXXIII. (Approved March 3, 1869)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS TO SUPPLY DEFICIENCIES IN THE APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE SERVICE OF THE GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SIXTY-NINE, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

For supplying deficiency in the fund for the relief of sick and disabled seamen, fifty thousand dollars.

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For continuing the work on the Marine hospital at Chicago, twenty-five thousand dollars.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS, 2d SESS., PAGE 85,  
CHAP. LVI. (Approved April 20, 1870)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS TO SUPPLY DEFICIENCIES IN THE APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE SERVICE OF THE GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTY, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SEVENTY, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted, etc., That the following sums, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be, and the same are hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for the service of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirty, eighteen hundred and seventy, for the objects hereinafter expressed, viz.:

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For repairing damage done by storm in September, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, to the Marine Hospital at Portland, Maine, ten thousand dollars.

For continuing the work on the Marine Hospital building at Chicago, Illinois, one hundred thousand dollars; Provided, That no part of the money shall be expended until a contract or contracts shall be entered into by the proper authorities with the lowest responsible bidder or bidders for the completion of the entire building at a sum, including all moneys already expended in its construction, not exceeding three hundred thousand dollars; and the expenditure of any sum of money in violation of this proviso shall be deemed unlawful.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS, 2d SESS., PAGES 169, 170, CHAP. CLXIX. (Approved June 29, 1870)

AN ACT TO REORGANIZE THE MARINE HOSPITAL SERVICE, AND TO PROVIDE FOR THE RELIEF OF SICK AND DISABLED SEAMEN.

Be it enacted, etc., That from and after the first day of August, eighteen hundred and seventy, there shall be assessed and collected by the collectors of customs at the ports of the United States, from the masters or owners of every vessel of the United States arriving from a foreign port, or of registered vessels employed in the coasting trade, the sum of forty cents per month for each and every seaman who shall have been employed on said vessel since she was last entered at any port of the United States, which sum said master or owner is hereby authorized to collect and retain from the wages of said employees.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That from and after the first day of August, no collector shall grant to any vessel whose enrollment or license for carrying on the coasting trade has expired a new enrollment or license, unless the master of such vessel shall have first rendered a true account to the collector of the number of seamen and the time they have been employed on such vessel during the continuance of the license which has so expired, and shall have paid to such collector forty cents per month for every such seaman who shall have been employed as aforesaid, which sum the said master is hereby authorized to retain out of the wages of such seaman; and if the master of any registered, enrolled or licensed vessel of the United States shall render a false account of the number of seamen so employed, or of the length of time they have severally been employed, as is herein required, he shall forfeit and pay fifty dollars, which shall be applied to, and shall make a part of, the general fund created by this act, and all needful regulations for the mode of collecting the sums hereinbefore mentioned shall be prepared under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, by such person as by him may be designated.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the several collectors to deposit the sums collected by them respectively under the provisions of this act, in the nearest United States depository, to the credit of "the fund for the relief of sick and disabled seamen"; making returns of the same with proper vouchers monthly, on forms to be furnished by the Secretary of the Treasury.



Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That all moneys received or collected by virtue of this act shall be paid into the treasury like other public moneys, without abatement or reduction; and all moneys so received are hereby appropriated for the expenses of the Marine Hospital Service, and shall be credited to the marine hospital fund, of which separate accounts shall be kept.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That the fund thus obtained shall be employed, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, for the care and relief of sick and disabled seamen employed in registered, enrolled and licensed vessels of the United States.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to appoint a surgeon to act as super-  
vising surgeon of marine hospital service, whose duty it shall be,  
under the direction of the Secretary, to supervise all matters con-  
nected with the marine hospital service, and with the disbursement of  
the fund provided by this act, at a salary not exceeding the rate of two thousand dollars per annum, and his necessary travelling expenses, who shall be required to make monthly reports to the Secretary of the Treasury.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That, for the purposes of this act, the term "vessel" herein used, shall be held to include every description of water-craft, raft, vehicle and contrivance used or capable of being used as a means or auxiliary of transportation on or by water. And all acts and parts of acts inconsistent or in conflict with the provisions of this act be, and the same are hereby, repealed.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS, 3d SESS., PAGE 595,  
RESOLUTION 27. (Approved February 10, 1871)

JOINT RESOLUTION TO EXEMPT CERTAIN BOATS FROM THE PAYMENT OF MARINE  
HOSPITAL DUES, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it resolved, etc., That the provisions of an act entitled "An act to reorganize the marine hospital service, and to provide for the relief of sick and disabled seaman," approved June 29, eighteen hundred and seventy, and also the provisions of the first section of a certain other act entitled "An act to regulate the foreign and coasting trade on the northern, northeastern and northwestern frontiers of the United States, and for other purposes," approved July one, eighteen hundred and seventy, shall not be applied to nor be construed to include canal-boats employed in navigating the canals within the United States, notwithstanding such canal-boats may be enrolled or licensed for the coasting trade; and no person employed in or connected with the navigation, management or use of canal-boats in the coasting trade shall be reason thereof be entitled to any benefit or relief from the marine hospital fund.

Sec. 2. And be it further resolved, That the seventh section of the last above mentioned act be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to extend to all vessels navigating the waters of said frontiers otherwise than by the sea, the fees for the entrance and clearance of which shall be as follows: For the entry of a vessel direct from a foreign port, fifty cents; for the clearance of a vessel to a foreign port, fifty cents: Provided, That ferry boats running on routes, duly bonded, and used exclusively for carrying sealed cars, under the provision of sections five and six of the act of June twenty-eight, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, and the regulations of the Secretary of the Treasury, and ferry boats carrying passengers and their personal baggage only, shall not be required to enter or clear, or to pay entrance or clearance fees; but which baggage, shall, however, be subject to the provisions of section forty-six of the act of March two, seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, and acts supplementary thereto: And provided further, That enrolled or licensed vessels departing from or arriving at a port in one collection district to or from a port in another collection district, and also touching at intermediate foreign ports, shall not thereby become liable to the payment of entrance and clearance fees, or tonnage tax, as if from or to foreign ports; but such vessels shall, notwithstanding, be required to enter and clear.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FORTY-SECOND CONGRESS, 1st SESS., PAGE 11,  
CHAP. XXI. (Approved April 20, 1871)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS TO SUPPLY DEFICIENCIES IN THE APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE SERVICE OF THE YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-ONE, AND FOR ADDITIONAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE SERVICE OF THE YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-TWO, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Sec. 19. That so much of the proviso in the act making appropriations to supply deficiencies, and so forth, approved April twentieth, eighteen hundred and seventy, as limits the completion of the marine hospital building at Chicago, Illinois, to a sum not exceeding three hundred thousand dollars, is hereby repealed; and it shall be lawful for the proper authorities to expend the money already appropriated for continuing the work upon said building: Provided, That no part thereof shall be expended until plans and specifications shall have been completed that will limit the cost of said building to a sum, including all moneys already expended, not exceeding three hundred and fifty-nine thousand seven hundred and seventy-nine dollars and thirty-four cents.

Sec. 20. That the Secretary of the Treasury be authorized to sell, for the best price in cash that can be obtained, the marine hospital building in the city of San Francisco; and the proceeds of such sale, or so much thereof as may be necessary, shall be held and reserved as a fund for the erection of a pavilion hospital on some Government reservation in or near said city, if Congress shall hereafter so determine.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FORTY-SECOND CONGRESS, 2d SESS., PAGE 126,  
CHAP. CLXXII. (Approved May 18, 1872)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS TO SUPPLY DEFICIENCIES IN THE APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE SERVICE OF THE GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTY, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-TWO, AND FOR FORMER YEARS, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

For completion of the building for marine hospital at Chicago, Illinois, seventy-seven thousand three hundred and eighty-three dollars and eighty-nine cents; and for grading and fencing, thirteen thousand nine hundred and eighty-seven dollars and five cents; and to make good the damage done to the buildings and loss by fire, fourteen thousand and sixty dollars and fifty cents; in all, one hundred and five thousand four hundred and thirty-one dollars and forty-four cents.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FORTY-SECOND CONGRESS, SESS. II, PAGE 225,  
CHAP CCXCVI. (Approved June 4, 1872)

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE SALE OF THE MARINE HOSPITAL AND GROUNDS AT  
SAN FRANCISCO.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and empowered to sell for the best price that can be obtained, after due notice, the United States Marine Hospital building and grounds at Rincon point in the City of San Francisco, California, such sale to include all the land embraced in the Government reservation at Rincon point aforesaid, and, on due payment, to make, execute, and deliver to the purchaser or purchasers thereof all the rights and title thereto belonging to the United States, and the proceeds of such sale, after deducting necessary expenses, to be paid into the treasury of the United States.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FORTY-SECOND CONGRESS, 2d SESS., PAGE 347,  
CHAP. CCCCXV. (Approved June 10, 1872)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-THREE, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Marine Hospital Service.--For supplying deficiency in the fund for the relief of sick and disabled seamen, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars: Provided, That no part of this sum shall be used to support any sick or disabled seaman entitled to be received into a marine hospital, by contract at the lowest bidder, except when, in the judgment of the Secretary of the Treasury, the acceptance of the lowest proposal will, for other reasons, equally secure proper care and treatment of marine patients.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FORTY-SECOND CONGRESS, 3d SESS., PAGE 421,  
CHAP. LXXII. (Approved Jan. 28, 1873)

AN ACT MAKING AN APPROPRIATION FOR THE ERECTION OF A MARINE HOSPITAL  
AT SAN FRANCISCO.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and is hereby, authorized to erect on one of the Government reservations near the city of San Francisco, California, a pavilion hospital, in accordance with the designs and estimates prepared by the supervising architect, the cost of said hospital not to exceed the amount of the estimates, viz.: Fifty-eight thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine dollars and fifty-six cents, which amount is hereby appropriated for that purpose out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated: Provided, That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized, in his discretion to sell the marine hospital and grounds now owned by the Government in that city: And provided further, That no reservation shall be used or occupied for the purpose herein indicated if the same is wanted or likely to be wanted by the military department, nor without its formal consent first obtained.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FORTY-SECOND CONGRESS, 3d SESS., PAGE 511,  
CHAP. CCVII. (Approved March 3, 1873)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-FOUR, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

**Marine Hospital Service.**--For supplying deficiency in the fund for the relief of sick and disabled seamen, one hundred thousand dollars; and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized, in his discretion, to sell the marine hospital grounds and unfinished cast-iron hospital buildings, located in the city of New Orleans, Louisiana, and out of the proceeds of said sale to purchase a more healthful site for a marine hospital at a point which shall be convenient of access to and from the port of New Orleans, and to erect thereon a pavilion marine hospital of one hundred and fifty bed capacity, with the necessary auxiliary structures, in accordance with designs to be prepared by the supervising architect, to the satisfaction of the supervising surgeon of the marine hospital service, and approved by the Secretary of the Treasury: Provided, That said site and pavilion-hospital shall in no event cost more than the amount received from the sale of the hospital and grounds which are hereby authorized to be sold: And provided further, That in case the materials of the iron hospital buildings can with advantage be used in the construction of other Government buildings now being erected, said materials may be so used, and the amount of the money value thereof, which shall be determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, is hereby appropriated, for the purposes of the new hospital, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FORTY-THIRD CONGRESS, 1st SESS., PAGE 199,  
CHAP. CCCCX. (Approved June 22, 1874)

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE SALE OF THE PRESENT UNITED STATES MARINE HOSPITAL AND SITE, AND THE PURCHASE OF A NEW SITE, AND ERECTION THEREON OF A NEW MARINE HOSPITAL, IN THE CITY OF PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to dispose of, at public sale to the highest bidder, the United States marine hospital building and grounds pertaining thereto in the city of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and to procure, by purchase, a site in or convenient to the said city of Pittsburgh, which shall be eligibly and healthfully located, and shall be ceded to the United States Government by the State of Pennsylvania, and erect thereon a suitable building, for use as a United States marine hospital, the same to be of such dimensions as shall be sufficient to accommodate all such marines as would be likely to seek asylum at that point, and in accordance with designs to be prepared by the Supervising Architect, to the satisfaction of the Supervising Surgeon of Marine Hospital Service, and approved by the Secretary of the Treasury; Provided, That the cost of site and construction of the new building shall not exceed the sum realized from the sale of the present building and site: And provided further, That the new site shall not be purchased, or the construction of the building commenced until the sale of the present building and site is concluded. And the Secretary of the Treasury is further authorized to provide for the care and maintenance in private hospitals of such patients as are entitled to admission to a United States marine hospital during the construction of the new building, provided, it is practicable so to do; but in the event of such provision being found to be impracticable, then the present buildings shall be occupied for such patients until the new building is ready for occupancy.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FORTY-THIRD CONGRESS, 2d SESS., PAGE 377,  
CHAP. CXXX. (Approved March 3, 1875)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-SIX, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

That hereafter the salary of the Supervising Surgeon-General of the United States Marine Hospital Service shall be paid out of the marine hospital fund at the rate of four thousand dollars per year; and the Supervising Surgeon-General shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

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(Page 395) For out buildings, sewerage, fencing, and grading building for marine hospital, San Francisco, California, fifteen thousand nine hundred dollars.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FORTY-THIRD CONGRESS, 2d SESS., PAGE 485,  
CHAP. 156. (Approved March 3, 1875)

AN ACT TO PROMOTE ECONOMY AND EFFICIENCY IN THE MARINE HOSPITAL  
SERVICE.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury shall cause to be prepared a schedule of the average number of seamen required in the safe and ordinary navigation of registered, enrolled, and licensed vessels of the United States, basing such schedule upon the differences in rig, tonnage, and kind of traffic. And from and after the completion and publication of said schedule, hospital dues, at the rate and for the periods prescribed in Sections four thousand five hundred and eighty-five and four thousand five hundred and eight-seven of the revised statutes of the United States, shall be assessed and collected, from the master or owner of each vessel subject to such dues, upon the average number of seamen as set forth in said schedule; Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be held to debar masters or owners of vessels from deducting such dues from each seaman's wages, as by law now authorized.

Sec. 2. That from and after May first, eighteen hundred and seventy-five, every vessel subject to hospital tax, except vessels required by law to carry crew lists, shall have and keep on board, subject to inspection and verification at all times by any officers of the customs, a seaman's time book, which shall be furnished by the Treasury Department; and in which time book shall be entered the name, date of shipment, and date of discharge of every seaman employed on board such vessel; and the master or owner of any vessel subject to hospital tax, vessels carrying crew lists as above excepted, shall forfeit and pay the sum of fifty dollars for each and every seaman found employed on board his vessel without a corresponding entry in said time book; and the sums so forfeited shall be collected by the collector of customs upon the sworn statement of the customs officers who make the inspections, and shall be paid into the treasury to the credit of the marine hospital fund, for the general purposes of which fund said sums are hereby appropriated.

Sec. 3. That term "seaman," wherever employed in legislation relating to the marine hospital service, shall be held to include any person employed on board in the care, preservation, or navigation of any vessel, or in the service, on board, of those engaged in such care, preservation, or navigation.



Sec. 4. That the Secretary of the Treasury may rent or lease such marine hospital buildings, and the lands appertaining thereto, as he may deem advisable in the interests of the marine hospital service; and the proceeds of such rents or leases are hereby appropriated for the said service.

Sec. 5. That insane patients of said service shall be admitted into the Government Hospital for the Insane upon the order of the Secretary of the Treasury, and shall be cared for therein until cured or until removed by the same authority; and the charge for each such patient shall not exceed four dollars and fifty cents a week, which charge shall be paid out of the marine hospital fund.

Sec. 6. That sick and disabled seamen of foreign vessels and of vessels not subject to hospital dues may be cared for by the marine hospital service at such rates and under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe.

Sec. 7. That the compensation of the Supervising Surgeon of the United States marine hospital service shall be paid out of the marine hospital fund, and the salary of the supervising surgeon shall be four thousand dollars a year.

Sec. 8. That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

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U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FORTY-FOURTH CONGRESS, 1st SESS., PAGE 127,  
CHAP. CCLVIII. (Approved August 11, 1876)

AN ACT TO RELINQUISH THE TITLE OF THE UNITED STATES TO CERTAIN PROPER-  
TY IN THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all the right and title of the United States to the following described property is hereby relinquished to the city and county of San Francisco, the same being the two fifty vara lots on which the old marine hospital building now stands fronting two hundred and seventy-five feet on the north side of Harrison Street, between Spear and Main Streets, with a uniform depth of one hundred and thirty-seven feet and six inches, as laid down on the official map of said city to be used by the city and county of San Francisco solely for the purposes of a sailors' home: Provided, That if the same shall at any time be used for any other than the purpose aforesaid, or if said home shall not be opened within one year from the passage of this act, in each such case all right and title hereby relinquished shall revert back to, and again vest in the United States.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FORTY-FOURTH CONGRESS, 1st SESS., PAGE 202,  
CHAP. CCXCIV. (Approved August 15, 1876)

AN ACT TO CONFIRM THE SALE OF THE MARINE HOSPITAL BUILDING AND  
GROUNDS AT NATCHEZ IN THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI.

Whereas the marine hospital building and grounds at Natchez, Mississippi, are not required for the service of the United States; and whereas the said building has been for many years in a process of dilapidation and decay; and whereas the said building and grounds have been offered for sale at different times by auction under and in pursuance of law: Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed to confirm to the highest bidder the sale made under his direction and in pursuance of law, February fifteenth, eighteen hundred and seventy-six; it being satisfactorily shown to him that the said building is to be reconstructed and devoted, under responsible auspices, to purposes of instruction for the benefit of the colored people of the United States.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FORTY-FIFTH CONGRESS, 2d SESS., PAGE 37,  
CHAP. LXVI. (Approved April 29, 1878)

AN ACT TO PREVENT THE INTRODUCTION OF CONTAGIOUS OR INFECTIOUS DISEASES INTO THE UNITED STATES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That no vessel or vehicle coming from any foreign port or country where any contagious or infectious disease may exist, and no vessel or vehicle conveying any person or persons, merchandise or animals, affected with any infectious or contagious disease, shall enter any port of the United States or pass the boundary line between the United States and any foreign country, contrary to the quarantine laws of any one of said United States, into or through the jurisdiction of which said vessel or vehicle may pass or to which it is destined, or except in the manner and subject to the regulations to be prescribed as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 2. That whenever any infectious or contagious disease shall appear in any foreign port or country, and whenever any vessel shall leave any infected foreign port, or, having on board goods or passengers coming from any place or district infected with cholera or yellow fever, shall leave any foreign port, bound for any port in the United States, the consular officer, or other representative of the United States at or nearest such foreign port shall immediately give information thereof to the Supervising Surgeon-General of the Marine Hospital Service, and shall report to him the name, the date of departure, and the port of destination of such vessel; and shall also make the same report to the health officer of the port of destination in the United States, and the consular officers of the United States shall make weekly reports to him of the sanitary condition of the ports at which they are respectively stationed; and the said Surgeon-General of the Marine Hospital Service shall, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, be charged with the execution of the provisions of this act, and shall frame all needful rules and regulations for that purpose, which rules and regulations, shall be subject to the approval of the President, but such rules and regulations shall not conflict with or impair any sanitary or quarantine laws or regulations of any state or municipal authorities now existing or which may hereafter be enacted.

Sec. 3. That it shall be the duty of the medical officers of the marine hospital service and of customs officers to aid in the en-





forcement of the national quarantine rules and regulations established under the preceding section; but no additional compensation shall be allowed said officers by reason of such services as they may be required to perform under this act, except actual and necessary travelling expenses.

Sec. 4. That the Surgeon General of the Marine Hospital Service shall, upon receipt of information of the departure of any vessel, goods, or passengers from infected places to any port in the United States, immediately notify the proper state or municipal and United States officer or officers at the threatened port of destination of the vessel, and shall prepare and transmit to the medical officers of the marine hospital service, to collectors of customs, and to the state and municipal health authorities in the United States weekly abstracts of the consular sanitary reports and other pertinent information received by him.

Sec. 5. That wherever, at any port of the United States, any state or municipal quarantine system may now, or may hereafter exist, the officers or agents of such system shall, upon the application of the respective state or municipal authorities, be authorized and empowered to act as officers or agents of the national quarantine system, and shall be clothed with all the powers of United States officers for quarantine purposes, but shall receive no pay or emoluments from the United States. At all other ports where, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Treasury, it shall be deemed necessary to establish quarantine, the medical officers or other agents of the Marine Hospital Service shall perform such duties in the enforcement of the quarantine rules and regulations as may be assigned them by the Surgeon General of that service under this act: Provided, That there shall be no interference in any manner with any quarantine laws or regulations as they now exist or may hereafter be adopted under state laws.

Sec. 6. That all facts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act be, and the same are hereby, repealed.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FORTY-FIFTH CONGRESS, 3d SESS., PAGES 484, 485, CHAP. CCII. (Approved March 3, 1879)

AN ACT TO PREVENT THE INTRODUCTION OF INFECTIOUS OR CONTAGIOUS DISEASES INTO THE UNITED STATES AND TO ESTABLISH A NATIONAL BOARD OF HEALTH.

Be it enacted, etc., That there shall be established a National Board of Health to consist of seven members, to be appointed by the President, and with the advice and consent of the Senate, not more than one of whom shall be appointed from any one state, with compensation, during the time when actually engaged in the performance of their duties under this act, shall be ten dollars per diem each and reasonable expenses, and of one medical officer of the Army, one medical officer of the Navy, one medical officer of the Marine Hospital Service, and one officer from the Department of Justice, to be detailed by the Secretaries of the several Departments and the Attorney-General, respectively, and the officers so detailed shall receive no compensation. Said board shall meet in Washington within thirty days after the passage of this act, and in Washington or elsewhere from time to time upon notice from the President of the Board, who is to be chosen by the members thereof, or upon its own adjournments, and shall frame all rules and regulations authorized or required by this act, and shall make or cause to be made such special examinations and investigations at any place or places within the United States, or at foreign ports, as they may deem best, to aid in the execution of this act and the promotion of its objects.

Sec. 2. The duties of the National Board of Health shall be to obtain information upon all matters affecting the public health, to advise the several Departments of the Government, the executives of the several States, and the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, on all questions submitted by the, or whenever in the opinion of the Board such advice may tend to the preservation and improvement of the public health.

Sec. 3. That the Board of Health, with the assistance of the Academy of Science, which is hereby requested and directed to co-operate with them for that purpose, shall report to Congress at its next session a full statement of its transactions, together with a plan for a national public health organization, which plan shall be prepared after consultation with the principal sanitary organizations and the sanitarians of the several States of the United States, special attention being given to the subject of quarantine, both





maritime and inland, and especially as to the regulations which should be established between states or local systems of quarantine and a national quarantine system.

Sec. 4. The sum of fifty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated to pay the salaries and expenses of said board and to carry out the purposes of this act.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FORTY-FIFTH CONGRESS, 3d SESS., PAGE 402,  
CHAP. CLXXXII. (Approved March 3, 1879)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

To meet the expenses of collecting the data upon which to prepare bulletings of health, to be issued from the office of the Surgeon General of the United States Marine Hospital, five thousand dollars, under direction of the Secretary of the Treasury; to be paid out of the permanent appropriation for the above service.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS, 1st SESS., VOL. 21,  
PAGE 5. (Approved June 2, 1879)

**AN ACT TO PREVENT THE INTRODUCTION OF CONTAGIOUS OR INFECTIOUS DISEASES INTO THE UNITED STATES.**

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall be unlawful for any merchant ship or vessel from any foreign port where any contagious or infectious disease exists, to enter any port of the United States except in accordance with the provisions of this act, and all rules and regulations of State boards of health and all rules and regulations made in pursuance of this act; and any such vessel which shall enter, or attempt to enter, a port of the United States, in violation thereof, shall forfeit to the United States a sum, to be awarded to the discretion of the court, not exceeding one thousand dollars, which shall be a lien upon said vessel, to be recovered by proceedings in the proper district court of the United States. And in all such proceedings the United States district attorney for such district shall appear on behalf of the United States, and all such proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with the rules and laws governing cases of seizure of vessels for violation of the revenue laws of the United States.

Sec. 2. All such vessels shall be required to obtain from the consul, vice-consul, or other consular officer of the United States at the port of departure, or from the medical officer, where such officer has been detailed by the President for that purpose, a certificate in duplicate setting forth the sanitary history of said vessel, and that it has in all respects complied with the rules and regulations in such cases prescribed for securing the best sanitary condition of the said vessel, its cargo, passengers, and crew; and said consular or medical officer is required, before granting such certificate, to be satisfied the matters and things therein stated are true; and for his services in that behalf he shall be entitled to demand and receive such fees as shall by lawful regulation be allowed, to be accounted for as is required in other cases.

That upon the request of the National Board of Health the President is authorized to detail a medical officer to serve in the office of the consul at any foreign port for the purpose of making the inspection and giving the certificates hereinbefore mentioned: Provided, That the number of officers so detailed shall not exceed at any one time six: Provided further, That any vessel sailing





from any such port without such certificate of said medical officer, entering any port of the United States, shall forfeit to the United States the sum of five hundred dollars, which shall be a lien on the same to be recovered by proceedings in the proper district court of the United States. And in all such proceedings the United States district attorney for such district shall appear on behalf of the United States, and all such proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with the rules and laws governing cases of seizure of vessels for violation of the revenue laws of the United States.

Sec. 3. That the National Board of Health shall co-operate with, and, so far as it lawfully may, aid State and municipal boards of health in the execution and enforcement of the rules and regulations of such boards to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious diseases into the United States from foreign countries, and into one State from another; and at such ports and places within the United States as have no quarantine regulations under State authority where such regulations are, in the opinion of the National Board of Health, necessary to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious diseases into the United States from foreign countries, or into one State from another; and at such ports and places within the United States where quarantine regulations exist under the authority of the State, which, in the opinion of the National Board of Health, are not sufficient to prevent the introduction of such diseases into the United States, or into one State from another, the National Board of Health shall report the facts to the President of the United States, who shall, if, in his judgment, it is necessary and proper, order said Board of Health to make such additional rules and regulations as are necessary to prevent the introduction of such diseases into the United States from foreign countries, or into one State from another; and at such ports and places within the United States where quarantine regulations exist under the authority of the State, which, in the opinion of the National Board of Health, are not sufficient to prevent the introduction of such diseases into the United States, or into one State from another, the National Board of Health shall report the facts to the President of the United States, who shall, if, in his judgment, it is necessary and proper, order said Board of Health to make such additional rules and regulations as are necessary to prevent the introduction of such diseases into the United States from foreign countries, or into one State from another, which, when so made and approved by the President, shall be promulgated by the National Board of Health and enforced by the sanitary authorities of the States, where the State authorities will undertake to execute and enforce them; but if the State authorities shall fail or refuse to enforce said rules and regulations the President may detail an officer or appoint a proper person for that purpose.





The Board of Health shall make such rules and regulations as are authorized by the laws of the United States and necessary to be observed by vessels at the port of departure and on the voyage where such vessels sail from any foreign port or place at which contagious or infectious disease exists, to any port or place in the United States, to secure the best sanitary condition of such vessel, her cargo, passengers, and crew, and when said rules and regulations have been approved by the President they shall be published and communicated to, and enforced by, the consular officers of the United States: Provided, That none of the penalties herein imposed shall attach to any vessel or any owner or officer thereof, till the act and the rules and regulations made in pursuance thereof have been officially promulgated for at least ten days in the port from which said vessel sailed.

Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of the National Board of Health to obtain information of the sanitary condition of foreign ports and places from which contagious and infectious diseases are or may be imported into the United States, and to this end the consular officers of the United States at such ports and places as shall be designated by the National Board of Health shall make to said Board of Health weekly reports of the sanitary condition of the ports and places at which they are respectively stationed, according to such forms as said Board of Health may prescribe; and the Board of Health shall also obtain, through all sources accessible, including State and municipal sanitary authorities throughout the United States, weekly reports of the sanitary condition of ports and places within the United States; and shall prepare, publish, and transmit to the medical officers of the Marine Hospital Service, to collectors of customs, and to State and municipal health officers and authorities, weekly abstracts of the consular sanitary reports and other pertinent information received by said board; and shall also, as far as it may be able, by means of the voluntary co-operation of State and municipal authorities, of public associations, and private persons, procure information relating to the climatic and other conditions affecting the public health; and shall make to the Secretary of the Treasury an annual report of its operations, for transmission to Congress, with such recommendations as it may deem important to the public interests; and said report, if ordered to be printed by Congress, shall be done under the direction of the board.

Sec. 5. That the National Board of Health shall from time to time issue to the consular officers of the United States and to the medical officers serving at any foreign port, and otherwise make publicly known the rules and regulations made by it and approved by the President, to be used and complied with by vessels in foreign ports for securing the best sanitary condition of such vessels, their cargoes, passengers, and crews, before their departure for any port in the United States, and in the course of the voyage; and all such





other rules and regulations as shall be observed in the inspection of the same on the arrival thereof at any quarantine station at the port of destination, and for the disinfection and isolation of the same, and the treatment of cargo and persons on board, so as to prevent the introduction of cholera, yellow fever, or other contagious or infectious diseases; and it shall not be lawful for any vessel to enter said port to discharge its cargo or land its passengers except upon a certificate of the health officer at such quarantine station, certifying that said rules and regulations have in all respects been observed and complied with, as well on his part as on the part of the said vessel and its master, in respect to the same and to its cargo, passengers and crew; and the master of every such vessel shall produce and deliver to the collector of customs at said port of entry, together with the other papers of the vessel, the said certificates required to be obtained at the port of departure, and the certificate herein required to be obtained from the health officer at the port of entry.

Sec. 6. That to pay the necessary expenses of placing vessels in proper sanitary condition, to be incurred under the provisions of this act, the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized and required to make the necessary rules and regulations fixing the amount of fees to be paid by vessels for such service, and the manner of collecting the same.

Sec. 7. That the President is authorized, when requested by the National Board of Health, and when the same can be done without prejudice to the public service, to detail officers from the several departments of the Government, for temporary duty, to act under the direction of said board, to carry out the provisions of this act; and such officers shall receive no additional compensation except for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of such duties.

Sec. 8. That to meet the expenses to be incurred in carrying out the provisions of this act, the sum of five hundred thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated, to be disbursed under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury on estimates to be made by the National Board of Health, and to be approved by him. Said National Board of Health shall as often as quarterly make a full statement of its operations and expenditures under this act to the Secretary of the Treasury, who shall report the same to Congress.

Sec. 9. That so much of the act entitled "An act to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious diseases into the United States", approved April twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and seventy-



eight, as requires consular officers or other representatives of the United States at foreign ports to report the sanitary condition of and the departure of vessels from such ports to the Supervising Surgeon-General of the Marine Hospital Service; and so much of said act as requires the Surgeon-General of the Marine Hospital Service to frame rules and regulations, and to execute said act, and to give notice to Federal and State officers of the approach of infected vessels, and furnish said officers with weekly abstracts of consular sanitary reports, and all other acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act be, and the same are hereby repealed.

Sec. 10. This act shall not continue in force for a longer period than four years from the date of its approval.

Approved, June 2, 1879.







U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS, 2d SESS., PAGE 109,  
CHAP. LXXVII. (Approved May 3, 1880)

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A MARINE HOSPITAL IN THE  
CITY OF MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of  
United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Surgeon-  
General of the Marine Hospital Service be, and he is hereby, autho-  
rized and empowered to procure a proper site in or near the city of  
Memphis, Tennessee, and cause to be erected thereon a building su-  
itable for a marine hospital, after plans and specifications which  
shall be furnished under his direction by the Supervising Archite-  
ct of the Treasury Department.

Sec. 2. That the sum of thirty thousand dollars, or so much  
thereof as may be necessary be, and the same is hereby, appropri-  
ated out of any money now in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated,  
be expended by the Secretary of the Treasury, in the purchase of  
said site, and the erection of the aforesaid building thereon; and  
the cost of the site and the erection of the building shall in no  
event exceed the sum hereby appropriated.

U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS, 3d SESS., PAGE 417,  
CHAP. CXXXII. (Approved March 3, 1881)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS TO SUPPLY DEFICIENCIES IN THE APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-ONE, AND FOR PRIOR YEARS, AND FOR THOSE CERTIFIED AS DUE BY THE ACCOUNTING OFFICERS OF THE TREASURY IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION FOUR OF THE ACT OF JUNE FOURTEENTH, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-EIGHT, HERETOFORE PAID FROM PERMANENT APPROPRIATIONS, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to perfect the title of the Government of the United States to the marine hospital at Wilmington, North Carolina, once sold to Doctor J. Francis King, and now in litigation, the sum of two thousand and fifty dollars.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FORTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS, 1st SESS., PAGE 28,  
CHAP. XXVIII. (Approved March 9, 1882)

AN ACT TO AMEND AN ACT ENTITLED "AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A MARINE HOSPITAL IN THE CITY OF MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act entitled "An act to provide for the construction of a marine hospital in the city of Memphis, Tennessee," approved May third, eighteen hundred and eighty be, and the same is hereby, amended by inserting after the word "purchase", in the second section of said act, the words "at voluntary sale or by condemnation", so that said act will read:

"That the Surgeon-General of the Marine Hospital Service be, and he is hereby authorized and empowered to procure a proper site in or near the city of Memphis, Tennessee, and cause to be erected thereon a building suitable for a marine hospital, after plans and specifications which shall be furnished under his direction by the Supervising Architect of the Treasury Department.

"Sec. 2. That the sum of thirty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any money now in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be expended by the Secretary of the Treasury in the purchase, at voluntary sale or by condemnation, of said site, and the erection of the aforesaid building thereon; and for the cost of the site and the erection of the building shall in no event exceed the sum hereby appropriated."

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

PH.D. THESIS

BY

THE AUTHOR

CHICAGO, ILL.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FORTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS, 1st SESS., PAGE 305,  
CHAP. CCCCXXXIII. (Approved August 7, 1882)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-THREE, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to purchase blocks ninety-one and one hundred and two in Port Townsend, Washington Territory, together with the hospital buildings thereon, for use as a marine hospital, in accordance with a report, heretofore made to the Secretary of the Treasury by a board specially appointed by him for such purpose, eighteen thousand dollars.

For the marine hospital at Key West, Florida: For completing sea-wall, four thousand dollars.

For a marine hospital at Cincinnati, Ohio, one hundred thousand dollars.

For a marine hospital at New Orleans, Louisiana, one hundred thousand dollars.

For constructing a marine hospital at Baltimore, Maryland, one hundred thousand dollars.

For a marine hospital at Cairo, Illinois, sixty thousand dollars. And the sums respectively appropriated for the four hospital buildings are in full in each case for the completion of the same, including the purchase of sites for the same, and their cost is hereby limited to the sums in each case herein provided.

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U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FORTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS, 2d SESS., PAGE 603,  
CHAP. CXLIII. (Approved March 3, 1883)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-FOUR, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

For marine hospital at Memphis, Tennessee: For completion , sixteen thousand dollars.

THE STATE OF TEXAS, COUNTY OF DALLAS, this 1st day of January, 1900, before me, the undersigned, a Notary Public in and for said State and County, personally appeared \_\_\_\_\_, known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged to me that he executed the same for the purposes and consideration therein expressed.

Given under my hand and seal of office this 1st day of January, 1900.

Notary Public in and for the State of Texas.

U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FORTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS, 1st SESS., PAGE 57,  
CHAP. CXXI. (Approved June 26, 1884)

AN ACT TO REMOVE CERTAIN BURDENS ON THE AMERICAN MERCHANT MARINE  
AND ENCOURAGE THE AMERICAN FOREIGN CARRYING TRADE AND FOR OTHER  
PURPOSES.

Be it enacted, etc., That the last clause of section forty-  
one hundred and thirty-one of the Revised Statutes be amended so  
as to read as follows:

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Sec. 15. Sections forty-five hundred and eighty-five, forty-  
five hundred and eighty-six, and forty-five hundred and eighty-  
seven of the Revised Statutes, and all other acts and parts of  
acts providing for the assessment and collection of a hospital tax  
for seamen, are hereby repealed, and the expense of maintaining the  
Marine Hospital Service shall hereafter be borne by the United States  
out of the receipts for duties on tonnage provided for by this act;  
and so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated for  
that purpose.



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U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FORTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS, 1st SESS., PAGE 196,  
CHAP. CCCXXXII. (Approved July 7, 1884)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-FIVE, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted, etc., That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated for the objects hereinafter expressed for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, namely:

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For repairs and preservation of marine hospitals, twenty thousand dollars.

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PAGE 206

For shore protection of the marine hospital near Chicago, Illinois, eight thousand dollars.

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U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, 48th CONGRESS, 1st SESS., PAGE 482,  
CHAP. CCCLIX. (Approved March 3, 1885)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE  
GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, EIGHTEEN  
HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SIX, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted, etc., That the following sums be, and the same  
are hereby, appropriated for the objects hereinafter expressed for  
the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-  
six, namely:

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For repairs and preservation of marine hospitals, twenty  
thousand dollars.

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO  
DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON THE  
PROGRESS OF CHEMISTRY IN  
THE UNITED STATES

FOR THE YEAR 1911  
PUBLISHED BY THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES  
WASHINGTON, D. C.

1912



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS, 1st SESS., VOL. 24,  
PAGE 81. (Approved June 19, 1886)

AN ACT TO ABOLISH CERTAIN FEES FOR OFFICIAL SERVICES TO AMERICAN  
VESSELS, \* \* \* \* AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Sec. 11. That section fourteen of "An Act to remove certain burdens on the American merchant marine and encourage the American foreign carrying-trade, and for other purposes," approved June twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, be amended so as to read as follows:

"Sec. 14. That in lieu of the tax on tonnage of thirty cents per ton per annum imposed prior to July first, eighteen hundred and eight-four, a duty of three cents per ton, not to exceed in the aggregate fifteen cents per ton in any one year, is hereby imposed at each entry on all vessels which shall be entered in any port of the United States from any foreign port or place in North America, Central America, the West India Islands, the Bahama Islands, the Bermuda Islands, or the coast of South America bordering on the Caribbean Sea, or the Sandwich Islands, or Newfoundland; and a duty of six cents per ton, not to exceed thirty cents per ton per annum, is hereby imposed at each entry upon all vessels which shall be entered in the United States from any other foreign ports, not, however, to include vessels in distress or not engaged in trade: Provided, That the President of the United States shall suspend the collection of so much of the duty herein imposed, on vessels entered from any foreign port, as may be in excess of the tonnage and light-house dues, or other equivalent tax or taxes, imposed in said port on American vessels by the Government of the foreign country in which such port is situated, and shall, upon the passage of this act, and from time to time thereafter as often as it may become necessary by reason of changes in the laws of the foreign countries above mentioned, indicate by proclamation the ports to which such suspension shall apply, and the rate or rates of tonnage-duty, if any, to be collected under such suspension: Provided, further, That such proclamation shall exclude from the benefits of the suspension herein authorized the vessels of any foreign country in whose ports the fees or dues of any kind or nature imposed on vessels of the United States, or the import or export duties on their cargoes, are in excess of the fees, dues, or duties imposed on the vessels of the country in which such port is situated, or on the cargoes of such vessels; and sections forty-two hundred and twenty-three and forty-two hundred and twenty-four, and so much of section

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forty-two hundred and nineteen of the Revised Statutes as conflicts with this section, are hereby repealed."

Sec. 12. That the President be, and hereby is, directed to cause the Government of foreign countries which, at any of their ports, impose on American vessels a tonnage-tax or light-house dues, or other equivalent tax or taxes, or any other fees, charges, or dues, to be informed of the provisions of the preceding section, and invited to co-operate with the Government of the United States in abolishing all light-house dues, tonnage-taxes, or other equivalent tax or taxes on, and also all other fees for official services to, the vessels of the respective nations employed in the trade between the ports of such foreign country and the ports of the United States.

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U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FORTY-NINTH CONGRESS, 1st SESS., PAGE 224,  
CHAP. DCCCCII. (Approved August 4, 1886)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE  
GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, EIGHTEEN  
HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SEVEN, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted, etc., That the following sums be, and the same  
are hereby, appropriated for the objects hereinafter expressed for  
the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-  
seven, namely:

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For repairs and preservation of marine hospitals, twenty thous-  
and dollars.



THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO  
DIVISION OF THE PHYSICAL SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY  
5780 SOUTH CAMPUS DRIVE  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60637

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FOR THE DIRECTOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO  
FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY

U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTIETH CONGRESS, 1st SESS., PAGES 43  
AND 44, CHAP. XX. (Approved March 5, 1888)

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE REMOVAL OF THE QUARANTINE STATION FROM  
SHIP ISLAND, MISSISSIPPI.

Be it enacted, etc., That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to cause the removal of the national quarantine station, now located on Ship Island, in the Gulf of Mexico, to some other island in said Gulf, or in such pass in the Mississippi Delta as may be recommended by a board to be designated by him, and that the necessary quarantine buildings and appliances be established thereon; and that the sum of forty-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated to carry out the purpose of this act.

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U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTIETH CONGRESS, 1st SESS., PAGE 355,  
CHAP. DCCXXVII. (Approved August 1, 1888)

AN ACT TO PERFECT THE QUARANTINE SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES.

Be it enacted, etc., That whenever any person shall trespass upon the grounds belonging to any quarantine reservation, or whenever any person, master, pilot, or owner of a vessel entering any port of the United States, shall so enter in violation of section one of the act entitled "An act to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious diseases into the United States," approved April twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and seventy-eight, or in violation of the quarantine regulations framed under said act, such person, trespassing, or such master, pilot, or other person in command of a vessel shall, upon conviction thereof, pay a fine of not more than three hundred dollars, or be sentenced to imprisonment for a period of not more than thirty days, or shall be punished by both fine and imprisonment, at the discretion of the court. And it shall be the duty of the United States attorney in the district where the misdemeanor shall have been committed to take immediate cognizance of the offense, upon report made to him by any medical officer of the Marine Hospital Service, or by any officer of the customs service, or by any State officer acting under authority of section five of said act.

Sec. 2. That as soon after the passage of this act as practicable, the Secretary of the Treasury shall cause to be established, in addition to the quarantine established by the act approved March fifth, eighteen hundred and eighty-eight, quarantine stations, as follows: One at the mouth of the Delaware Bay; one near Cape Charles, at the entrance of the Chesapeake Bay; one on the Georgia coast; one at or near Key West; one in San Diego Harbor; one in San Francisco Harbor; and one at or near Port Townsend, at the entrance to Puget Sound; and the said quarantine stations when so established shall be conducted by the Marine Hospital Service under regulations framed in accordance with the act of April twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and seventy-eight.

Sec. 3. That there are appropriated for the purposes of this act the following sums, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the construction, equipment, and necessary expenses of maintaining the same for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-nine.

For the Delaware Breakwater quarantine; Construction of disinfecting machinery, steam-tug; warehouse, officers' quarters, and

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and expenses of maintenance for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, seventy-five thousand dollars.

For the quarantine station near Cape Charles, Virginia: For the purchase of site, construction of wharf, repair of present hospital buildings and officers' quarters, disinfecting machinery, steam tug, expenses of maintenance for the year eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, one hundred and twelve thousand dollars.

For the South Atlantic Station (Sapelo Sound): Construction of disinfecting machinery, warehouse, wharf, small boats, and expenses of maintenance for the year eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, thirty-eight thousand five hundred dollars.

For the quarantine near Key West: Purchase of site, construction of disinfecting machinery, warehouse, small boats, steam-tug, hospital buildings and officers' quarters, expenses of maintenance, for the year eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, eighty-eight thousand dollars.

For the Gulf quarantine (formerly Ship Island) provided for by the act of March fifth, eighteen hundred and eighty-eight, in addition to the amount appropriated by the act approved March fifth, eighteen hundred and eighty-eight: For the expenses for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, fifteen thousand dollars.

Quarantine station, San Diego Harbor, California: For the purchase of site and the construction of disinfecting machinery, warehouse, small boats, hospital buildings, officers' quarters, and for expenses of maintenance for eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, fifty-five thousand five hundred dollars.

For the quarantine station at San Francisco, California: Hospital buildings and officers' quarters, disinfecting machinery, warehouse and wharf, steam-tug, small boats, expenses for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, one hundred and three thousand dollars.

For the quarantine station at Port Townsend: For the purchase of site, construction of disinfecting machinery, warehouse, small boats, hospital buildings, and officers' quarters, for expenses of maintenance for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, fifty-five thousand five hundred dollars.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTIETH CONGRESS, 1st SESS., PAGE 501,  
CHAP. MLXII. (Approved October 1, 1888)

AN ACT TO TRANSFER TO THE STATE OF LOUISIANA FOR QUARANTINE PURPOSES THE POSSESSION OF CERTAIN LANDS ON THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER BELONGING TO THE UNITED STATES, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Whereas, it has become necessary, in the opinion of the Board of Health of the State of Louisiana, to remove the Mississippi River quarantine station from its present location to a point more remote from the surrounding settlements in order to isolate it more effectually from contact with the people living in the neighborhood, and to prevent intercourse between vessels in quarantine and the adjacent shores, and thus prevent the danger of spreading contagious diseases; and

Whereas there are no other lands suitable or available for the re-location of said station at a point lower on the Mississippi River than its present site other than certain lands, a portion of which, belonging to the United States, and especially withdrawn from public sale or entry by proclamation of the President of June first, eighteen hundred and seventy-five; Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the purposes of maintaining a quarantine station on the Mississippi River the United States hereby transfers to the State of Louisiana the possession of all that portion of land known as sections thirteen and fourteen, in township twenty-one south, range nineteen east, south-eastern district of Louisiana east of the Mississippi River, said lands measuring twelve hundred and seventy-two feet front on the Mississippi River, being swamp lands, and extending a half mile to the sea in the rear, and bounded above by section twelve, patented to Jonathan Jones and Peter Runder in eighteen hundred and forty-three, and bounded below by section fifteen, patented to Janet Bister and Angelo Laussade in eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, which sections thirteen and fourteen were withdrawn from public sale or entry by proclamation of the President in eighteen hundred and seventy-five: Provided, That should the State of Louisiana at any time cease to use said lands for quarantine purposes, or should the same be needed for the purposes for which they were originally reserved, then the Government of the United States shall resume the possession of said lands on the order of the President, whose decision in the premises shall be final.

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U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTIETH CONGRESS, 2d SESS., VOL. 25,  
PAGE 639; REVISED STATUTES (SUPPLEMENT) VOL. 1, 2d EDITION,  
PAGE 637. (Approved Jan. 4, 1889)

AN ACT TO REGULATE APPOINTMENTS IN THE MARINE-HOSPITAL SERVICE  
OF THE UNITED STATES.

Be it enacted, etc., That medical officers of the Marine Hospital Service of the United States shall hereafter be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate; and no person shall be so appointed until after passing a satisfactory examination in the several branches of medicine, surgery, and hygiene before a board of medical officers of the said service. Said examination shall be conducted according to rules prepared by the Supervising Surgeon-General, and approved by the Secretary of the Treasury and the President.

Sec. 2. That original appointments in the Service shall only be made to the rank of assistant surgeon; and no officer shall be promoted to the rank of passed assistant surgeon until after four years' service and a second examination as aforesaid; and no passed assistant surgeon shall be promoted to be surgeon until after due examination:

Provided, That nothing in this act shall be so construed as to affect the rank or promotion of any officer originally appointed before the adoption of the regulations of eighteen hundred and seventy-nine; and the President is authorized to nominate for confirmation the officers in the service on the date of the passage of this act.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS, 1st SESS., PAGE 31,  
CHAP. LI. (Approved March 27, 1890)

AN ACT TO PREVENT THE INTRODUCTION OF CONTAGIOUS DISEASES FROM ONE  
STATE TO ANOTHER AND FOR THE PUNISHMENT OF CERTAIN OFFENSES.

Be it enacted, etc., That whenever it shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of the President that cholera, yellow fever, small-pox, or plague exists in any State or Territory, or in the District of Columbia, and that there is danger of the spread of such disease into other States, Territories, or the District of Columbia, he is hereby authorized to cause the Secretary of the Treasury to promulgate such rules and regulations as in his judgment may be necessary to prevent the spread of such disease from one State or Territory into another, or from any State or Territory into the District of Columbia, or from the District of Columbia into any State or Territory, and to employ such inspectors and other persons as may be necessary to execute such regulations to prevent the spread of such disease. The said rules and regulations shall be prepared by the Supervising Surgeon General of the Marine Hospital Service under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury. And any person who shall willfully violate any rule or regulation so made and promulgated shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars, or imprisonment for not more than two years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 2. That any officer, or person acting as an officer, or agent of the United States at any quarantine station, or other person employed to aid in preventing the spread of such disease, who shall willfully violate any of the quarantine laws of the United States, or any of the rules and regulations made and promulgated by the Secretary of the Treasury as provided for in section one of this act, or any lawful order of his superior officer or officers, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not more than three hundred dollars or imprisonment for not more than one year, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 3. That when any common carrier or officer, agent, employee of any common carrier shall willfully violate any of the quarantine laws of the United States, or the rules and regulations



made and promulgated as provided for in section one of this act, such common carrier, officer, agent, or employee shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, on conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars, or imprisonment for not more than two years, or both, in the discretion of the court.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS, 1st SESS., PAGE 387,  
CHAP. DCCCXXVII. (Approved August 30, 1890)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND NINETY-ONE, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted, etc., That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, for the objects hereinafter expressed, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, namely:

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For the maintenance of ordinary expenses, including pay of officers and employees of quarantine stations at Delaware Breakwater, Cape Charles, South Atlantic Quarantine Station (Sapelo Sound) Key West, Gulf Quarantine Station, San Diego, San Francisco, and Port Townsend, fifty thousand dollars.

For fumigating steamer, San Francisco quarantine, thirty thousand dollars.

For disinfecting machinery at Key West quarantine, ten thousand dollars.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS, 2d SESS., PAGE 1085,  
CHAP. DLI. (Approved March 3, 1891)

AN ACT IN AMENDMENT TO THE VARIOUS ACTS RELATIVE TO IMMIGRATION AND  
THE IMPORTATION OF ALLENS UNDER CONTRACT OR AGREEMENT TO PERFORM  
LABOR.

Sec. 8. That upon the arrival by water at any place within the United States of any alien immigrants it shall be the duty of the commanding officer and the agents of the steam or sailing vessel by which they came to report the name, nationality, last residence, and destination of every such alien, before any of them are landed, to the proper inspection officers, who shall thereupon go or send competent assistants on board such vessel and there inspect all such aliens, or the inspection officers may order a temporary removal of such aliens for examination at a designated time and place, and then and there detain them, until a thorough inspection is made. But such removal shall not be considered a landing during the pendency of such examination. The medical examination shall be made by surgeons of the Marine Hospital Service. In cases where the services of a Marine Hospital Surgeon cannot be obtained without causing unreasonable delay the inspector may cause an alien to be examined by a civil surgeon and the Secretary of the Treasury shall fix the compensation for such examination. The inspection officers and their assistants shall have power to administer oaths, and to take and consider testimony touching the right of any such aliens to enter the United States, all of which shall be entered of record. During such inspection after temporary removal the superintendent shall cause such aliens to be properly housed, fed, and cared for, and also, in his discretion, such as are delayed in proceeding to their destination after inspection. All decisions made by the inspection officers or their assistants touching the right of any alien to land, when adverse to such right, shall be final unless appeal be taken to the superintendent of immigration, whose action shall be subject to review by the Secretary of the Treasury. It shall be the duty of the aforesaid officers and agents of such vessel to adopt due precautions to prevent the landing of any alien immigrant at any place or time other than that designated by the inspection officers, and any such officer or agent or person in charge of such vessel who shall either knowingly or negligently land or permit to land any alien immigrants at any place or time other than that designated by the inspection officers, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, VOL. 26, PAGE 923. (Approved March 3, 1891)

ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR LEGISLATIVE, EXECUTIVE AND JUDICIAL EXPENSES.

OFFICE OF SUPERVISING SURGEON GENERAL MARINE HOSPITAL SERVICE:  
For Supervising Surgeon General, four thousand dollars; one clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; five clerks, at one thousand six hundred dollars each; two clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; one hospital steward (employed as chemist), one thousand two hundred dollars; six copyists; one messenger, at six hundred dollars; two laborers, at four hundred and eighty dollars each; and one laborer, three hundred and sixty dollars; in all, twenty-four thousand seven hundred and twenty dollars, the same to be paid from the permanent appropriations for the Marine Hospital Service. And hereafter the Supervising Surgeon General is hereby authorized to cause the detail of two surgeons and two passed assistant surgeons for duty in the Bureau, who shall each receive the pay and allowances of their respective grades in the general service.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS, 2d SESS., PAGE 969,  
CHAP. DXLII. (Approved March 3, 1891)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND NINETY-TWO, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

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For the maintenance and ordinary expenses, including pay of officers and employees of quarantine stations at Delaware Breakwater, Cape Charles, South Atlantic Station (Sapelo Sound) Key West, Gulf, San Diego, San Francisco, and Port Townsend, fifty thousand dollars.

For completion of quarantine stations as follows:

South Atlantic: For completion of wharf, buildings, and disinfecting machinery, twenty thousand dollars.

Gulf: For warehouse and disinfecting machinery, thirteen thousand dollars; in all, thirty-three thousand dollars.

And the Secretary of War is hereby directed to assign to the Secretary of the Treasury so much space on the Lewes iron pier as may be necessary to enable the Marine Hospital Service to establish and conduct thereon such disinfection machinery as may be required for the proper disinfection of the cargoes of vessels detained at the quarantine, and when the breakwater shall have been completed then the said pier shall be permanently assigned to the Treasury Department: Provided, That such occupation and use of the pier by the Marine Hospital Service does not interfere with the engineering operations of the War Department in the completion of the breakwater improvement.

#### PREVENTION OF EPIDEMICS.

The President of the United States is hereby authorized in case of threatened or actual epidemic of cholera, yellow fever or smallpox, to use the unexpended balance of the sums appropriated and reappropriated by the sundry civil appropriation act approved March second, eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, or so much thereof as may be necessary, in aid of State and local boards, or otherwise, in his discretion, in preventing and suppressing the spread of the same.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-SECOND CONGRESS, 1st SESS., VOL. 27,  
PAGE 198, (Approved July 16, 1892)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE LEGISLATIVE, EXECUTIVE, AND  
JUDICIAL EXPENSES, ETC.

OFFICE OF SUPERVISING SURGEON-GENERAL MARINE HOSPITAL SERVICE:  
For Supervising Surgeon-General, four thousand dollars; one clerk,  
one thousand eight hundred dollars; five clerks, at one thousand  
six hundred dollars each; two clerks at one thousand two hundred  
dollars each; one hospital steward (employed as chemist) one thou-  
sand two hundred dollars; six copyists; one messenger, six hundred  
dollars; two laborers, at four hundred and eighty dollars each; and  
one laborer, three hundred and sixty dollars; in all, twenty-four  
thousand seven hundred and twenty dollars, the sum to be paid from  
the permanent appropriations for the Marine Hospital Service. And  
the Supervising Surgeon-General of the Marine Hospital Service is  
hereby authorized to cause the detail of one hospital attendant from  
the port of New York for duty in the laboratory of the Bureau, who  
shall receive the pay equivalent to the compensation of a first-  
class hospital attendant.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-SECOND CONGRESS, 1st SESS., PAGE 284,  
CHAP. CCCXI. (Approved July 28, 1892)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS TO SUPPLY DEFICIENCIES IN THE APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND NINETY-TWO, AND FOR PRIOR YEARS, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted, etc., That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and ninety-two, and for prior years, and for other objects hereinafter stated, namely:

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For Marine Hospital at Portland, Me.: To complete electric light plant, three thousand dollars.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-SECOND CONGRESS, 1st SESS., PAGE 350,  
CHAP. CCCLXXX. (Approved August 5, 1892)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND NINETY-THREE, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted, etc., That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, for the objects hereinafter expressed, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, namely:

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For marine hospital at Detroit, Michigan; For an isolating ward, and for enlargement of hospital space at the marine hospital at Detroit, ten thousand dollars.

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For marine hospital at New Orleans, Louisiana: For new water mains and cisterns, three thousand dollars.

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PAGE 351.

For marine hospital at San Francisco, California: For laundry and machinery, ten thousand dollars.

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For repairs and preservation of public buildings: Repairs and preservation of custom-houses, court-houses, post-offices, marine hospitals, quarantine stations, and other public buildings under control of Treasury Department, two hundred and forty thousand dollars; of which amount the sum of thirty thousand dollars to be used for the marine hospitals and quarantine stations: Provided, That of the sum hereby appropriated, not exceeding ten thousand dollars may be used in the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury in the employment of superintendents and others at a rate of compensation not exceeding, for any one person, six dollars per day: nor shall there hereafter be paid more than six dollars per day to any person employed outside of the District of Columbia, in any capacity whatever, whose compensation is paid from appropriations for public





buildings in course of construction, but the Secretary of the Treasury may, in his discretion, authorize payment in cities of eighty thousand or more inhabitants of a sum not exceeding eight dollars per day for such purposes.

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QUARANTINE SERVICE. PAGE 367.

For the maintenance and ordinary expenses, including pay of officers and employees of quarantine stations at Delaware Breakwater, Cape Charles, South Atlantic Station (Sapelo Sound) Key West, Gulf, San Diego, San Francisco, and Port Townsend, fifty thousand dollars.

For completion of quarantine stations, as follows:

South Atlantic: For water main, sewer, closets, painting and coal house, six thousand dollars;

Gulf: For building for sheltering crew of vessel and coal shed, disinfecting machinery, repairs to steamer and boats, and for engine, seven thousand five hundred dollars;

San Francisco: For completion of station, including laundry building, hospital, and adjunct buildings, and for machinery eighteen thousand five hundred dollars: in all, thirty-two thousand dollars.

PREVENTION OF EPIDEMICS.

The President of the United States is hereby authorized, in case of threatened or actual epidemic of cholera, yellow fever, or small-pox, to use the unexpended balance of the sums appropriated and re-appropriated by the sundry civil appropriation act approved March second, eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, or so much thereof as may be necessary, in aid of State or local boards, or otherwise, in his discretion, in preventing and suppressing the spread of the same; and the additional sum of one hundred thousand dollars is hereby appropriated for the same purpose.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-SECOND CONGRESS, 2d SESS., PAGE 449,  
CHAP. CXIV. (Approved February 15, 1893)

AN ACT GRANTING ADDITIONAL QUARANTINE POWERS AND IMPOSING ADDITIONAL  
DUTIES UPON THE MARINE HOSPITAL SERVICE.

Be it enacted, etc., That it shall be unlawful for any merchant ship or other vessel from any foreign port or place to enter any port of the United States except in accordance with the provisions of this act and with such rules and regulations of State and municipal health authorities as may be made in pursuance of, or consistent with, this act; and any such vessel which shall enter, or attempt to enter, a port of the United States in violation thereof shall forfeit to the United States a sum, to be awarded in the discretion of the court, not exceeding five thousand dollars, which shall be a lien upon said vessel, to be recovered by proceedings in the proper district court of the United States. In all such proceedings the United States district attorney for such district shall appear on behalf of the United States; and all such proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with the rules and laws governing cases of seizure of vessels for violation of the revenue laws of the United States.

Sec. 2. That any vessel at any foreign port clearing for any port or place in the United States shall be required to obtain from the consul, vice-consul or other consular officer of the United States at the port of departure, or from the medical officer where such officer has been detailed by the President for that purpose, a bill of health, in duplicate, in the form prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, setting forth the sanitary history and condition of said vessel, and that it has in all respects complied with the rules and regulations in such cases prescribed for securing the best sanitary condition of the said vessel, its cargo, passengers and crew; and said consular or medical officer is required, before granting such duplicate bill of health, to be satisfied that the matters and things stated therein are true; and for his services in that behalf he shall be entitled to demand and receive such fees as shall by lawful regulation be allowed, to be accounted for as is required in other cases.

The President, in his discretion, is authorized to detail any medical officer of the Government to serve in the office of the consul at any foreign port for the purpose of furnishing information and making the inspection and giving the bills of health hereinbefore mentioned. Any vessel clearing and sailing from any such





port without such bill of health, and entering any port of the United States, shall forfeit to the United States not more than five thousand dollars, the amount to be determined by the court, which shall be a lien on the same, to be recovered by proceedings in the proper district court of the United States. In all such proceedings the United States district attorney for such district shall appear on behalf of the United States; and all such proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with the rules and laws governing cases of seizure of vessels for violation of the revenue laws of the United States.

Sec. 3. That the Supervising Surgeon-General of the Marine Hospital Service shall, immediately after this act takes effect, examine the quarantine regulations of all State and municipal boards of health, and shall, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, co-operate with and aid State and municipal boards of health in the execution and enforcement of the rules and regulations of such boards and in the execution and enforcement of the rules and regulations made by the Secretary of the Treasury to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious diseases into the United States from foreign countries, and into one State or Territory or the District of Columbia from another State or Territory or the District of Columbia; and all rules and regulations made by the Secretary of the Treasury shall operate uniformly and in no manner discriminate against any port or place; and at such ports and places within the United States as have no quarantine regulations under State or municipal authority, where such regulations are, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Treasury, necessary to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious diseases into the United States from foreign countries, or into one State or Territory or the District of Columbia from another State or Territory or the District of Columbia, and at such ports and places within the United States where quarantine regulations exist under the authority of the State or municipality which, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Treasury, are not sufficient to prevent the introduction of such diseases into the United States, or into one State or Territory or the District of Columbia from another State or Territory or the District of Columbia, the Secretary of the Treasury shall, if in his judgment it is necessary and proper, make such additional rules and regulations as are necessary to prevent the introduction of such diseases into the United States from foreign countries, or into one State or Territory or the District of Columbia from another State or Territory or the District of Columbia, and when said rules and regulations have been made they shall be promulgated by the Secretary of the Treasury and enforced by the sanitary authorities of the States and municipalities, where the State or municipal health authorities will undertake to execute and enforce them; but if the State and municipal authorities shall fail,





or refuse to execute said rules and regulations the President shall execute and enforce the same and adopt such measures as in his judgment shall be necessary to prevent the introduction or spread of such diseases, and may detail or appoint officers for that purpose. The Secretary of the Treasury shall make such rules and regulations as are necessary to be observed by vessels at the port of departure and on the voyage, where such vessels sail from any foreign port or place to any port or place in the United States, to secure the best sanitary condition of such vessel, her cargo, passengers and crew; which shall be published and communicated to and enforced by the consular officers of the United States. None of the penalties herein imposed shall attach to any vessel or owner or officer thereof until a copy of this act, with the rules and regulations made in pursuance thereof, has been posted up in the office of the consul or other consular officer of the United States for ten days, in the port from which said vessel sailed; and the certificate of such consul or consular officer over his official signature shall be competent evidence of such posting in any court of the United States.

Sec. 4. That it shall be the duty of the supervising Surgeon-General of the Marine Hospital Service, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, to perform all the duties in respect to quarantine and quarantine regulations which are provided for by this act, and to obtain information of the sanitary condition of foreign ports and places from which contagious and infectious diseases are or may be imported into the United States, and to this end the consular officer of the United States at such ports and places as shall be designated by the Secretary of the Treasury shall make to the Secretary of the Treasury weekly reports of the sanitary condition of the ports and places at which they are respectively stationed, according to such forms as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe; and the Secretary of the Treasury shall also obtain, through all sources accessible, including State and municipal sanitary authorities throughout the United States, weekly reports of the sanitary condition of ports and places within the United States, and shall prepare, publish and transmit to collectors of customs and to State and municipal health officers and other sanitarians weekly abstracts of the consular sanitary reports and other pertinent information received by him, and shall also, as far as he may be able, by means of the voluntary co-operation of State and municipal authorities, of public associations, and private persons, procure information relating to the climatic and other conditions affecting the public health, and shall make an annual report of his operations to Congress, with such recommendations as he may deem important to the public interest.

Sec. 5. That the Secretary of the Treasury shall from time to time issue to the consular officers of the United States and to





the Medical Officers serving at any foreign port, and otherwise make publicly known, the rules and regulations made by him, to be used and complied with by vessels in foreign ports, for securing the best sanitary condition of such vessels, their cargoes, passengers and crew, before their departure for any port in the United States, and in the course of the voyage; and such other rules and regulations as shall be observed in the inspection of the same on the arrival thereof at any quarantine station at the port of destination, and for the disinfection and isolation of the same, and the treatment of cargo and persons on board, so as to prevent the introduction of cholera, yellow fever, or other contagious or infectious diseases; and it shall not be lawful for any vessel to enter said port to discharge its cargo, or land its passengers, except upon a certificate of the health officer at such quarantine station certifying that said rules and regulations have in all respects been observed and complied with, as well on his part as on the part of the said vessel and its master, in respect to the same, and to its cargo, passengers and crew; and the master of every such vessel shall produce and deliver to the collector of customs at said port of entry, together with the other papers of the vessel, the said bills of health required to be obtained at the port of departure and the certificate herein required to be obtained from the health officer at the port of entry; and that the bills of health herein prescribed shall be considered as part of the ship's papers, and when duly certified to by the proper consular or other officer of the United States, over his official signature and seal, shall be accepted as evidence of the statements therein contained in any court of the United States.

Sec. 6. That on the arrival of an infected vessel at any port not provided with proper facilities for treatment of the same, the Secretary of the Treasury may remand said vessel, at its own expense, to the nearest national or other quarantine station, where accommodations are provided for the necessary disinfection and treatment of the vessel, passengers and cargo; and after treatment of any infected vessel at a national quarantine station, and after certificate shall have been given by the United States quarantine officer at said station that the vessel, cargo and passengers are each and all free from infectious disease, or danger of conveying the same, said vessel shall be admitted to entry to any port of the United States named within the certificate. But at any ports where sufficient quarantine provision has been made by State or local authorities the Secretary of the Treasury may direct vessels bound for said ports to undergo quarantine at said State or local station.

Sec. 7. That whenever it shall be shown to the satisfaction of the President that by reason of the existence of cholera or



other infectious or contagious diseases in a foreign country there is serious danger of the introduction of the same into the United States, and that notwithstanding the quarantine defense this danger is so increased by the introduction of persons or property from such country that a suspension of the right to introduce the same is demanded in the interest of the public health, the President shall have power to prohibit in whole or in part the introduction of persons and property from such countries or places as he shall designate and for such period of time as he may deem necessary.

Sec. 8. That whenever the proper authorities of a State shall surrender to the United States the use of the buildings and disinfecting apparatus of a State quarantine station, the Secretary of the Treasury shall be authorized to receive them and to pay a reasonable compensation to the State for their use, if, in his opinion, they are necessary to the United States.

Sec. 9. That the act entitled "An act to prevent the introduction of infectious or contagious diseases into the United States, and to establish a national board of health," approved March third, eighteen hundred and seventy-nine, be, and the same is hereby repealed. And the Secretary of the Treasury is directed to obtain possession of any property, furniture, books, paper, or records belonging to the United States which are not in the possession of an officer of the United States under the Treasury Department which were formerly in the use of the National Board of Health or any officer or employee thereof.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-SECOND CONGRESS, 2nd SESS., PAGE 530,  
CHAP. CXCI. (Approved March 1, 1893).

AN ACT FOR THE RELIEF OF SEATON NORMAN.

Be it enacted, etc., That the laws regulating appointments in the Marine Hospital Service be, and they are hereby suspended only for the purposes of this act; and the President is hereby authorized to nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint Seaton Norman as assistant surgeon in the Marine Hospital Service, that being the rank held by him on the first day of July, eighteen hundred and ninety, when he resigned his position under a misapprehension of his rights in the premises.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-SECOND CONGRESS, 2d SESS., PAGE 570,  
CHAP. CCVI. (Approved March 3, 1893)

AN ACT TO FACILITATE THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE IMMIGRATION AND CON-  
TRACT-LABOR LAWS.

Be it enacted, etc.,

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Sec. 6. That Section five of the act of March 3rd, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, "in amendment of the various acts relative to immigration and the importation of aliens under contract or agreement to perform labor," is hereby amended by striking out the words "second proviso" where they first occur in said section and inserting the words "first proviso" in their place; and section eight of said act is hereby so amended that the medical examinations of arriving immigrants to be made by surgeons of the Marine Hospital Service may be made by any regular medical officers of such Marine Hospital Service, detailed therefor by the Secretary of the Treasury; and civil surgeons shall only be employed temporarily from time to time for specific emergencies.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-SECOND CONGRESS, 2nd SESS., PAGE 572,  
CHAP. CCVIII. (Approved March 3, 1893)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND NINETY-FOUR, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted, etc., That the following sums be, and the same are hereby appropriated, for the objects hereinafter expressed, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-four, namely:

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For marine hospital at Boston, Massachusetts: For laundry machinery, one thousand five hundred dollars.

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For marine hospital at Port Townsend, Washington: For new pavilion hospital and approaches, thirty thousand dollars.

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For marine hospital at San Francisco, California: For extension of wards, ten thousand dollars.

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For the marine hospital at Detroit, Michigan: The amount already appropriated shall be used to construct and complete officers' quarters on the grounds of the reservation, to enlarge the available wards' space when such officers' quarters shall have been built, and to construct an isolating ward.

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PAGE 573.

For marine hospital at Wilmington, North Carolina: For sewer connections and water tanks, two thousand dollars.

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PAGE 590.

## QUARANTINE SERVICE.

For the maintenance and ordinary expenses, including pay of officers and employees of quarantine stations at Delaware Breakwater, Cape Charles, South Atlantic Station (Sapelo Sound) Key West, Gulf, San Diego, San Francisco, and Port Townsend, fifty thousand dollars.

For the purchase of a site for a quarantine station in Chesapeake Bay, seven thousand dollars.

## PREVENTION OF EPIDEMICS.

The President of the United States is hereby authorized, in case of threatened or actual epidemic of cholera, yellow fever or small pox, to use the unexpended balance of the sums appropriated and reappropriated by the sundry civil appropriation act approved August 5th, eighteen hundred and ninety-two, or so much thereof, as may be necessary, in aid of State and local boards, or otherwise, in his discretion, in preventing and suppressing the spread of the same; and in such emergency in the execution of any quarantine laws which may be then in force, and the additional sum of nine thousand dollars is hereby appropriated for the same purpose to be immediately available.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-SECOND CONGRESS, 2nd SESS., PAGE 651,  
CHAP. CCX. (Approved March 3, 1893)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS TO SUPPLY DEFICIENCIES IN THE APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND NINETY-THREE, AND FOR PRIOR YEARS, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted, etc., That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for the fiscal year, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, and for prior years, and for other objects hereinafter stated, namely:

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QUARANTINE SERVICE: For maintenance and ordinary expenses, including pay of officers and employees of quarantine stations at Delaware Breakwater, Cape Charles, South Atlantic (Sapelo Sound) Key West, Gulf, San Diego, San Francisco, and Port Townsend, fifty thousand dollars.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS, 2nd SESS., PAGE 179,  
VOL. XXVIII. (Approved July 31, 1894)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE LEGISLATIVE, EXECUTIVE, AND  
JUDICIAL EXPENSES, ETC.

OFFICE OF SUPERVISING SURGEON-GENERAL MARINE HOSPITAL SERVICE:  
For Supervising Surgeon-General, four thousand dollars; one clerk,  
one thousand eight hundred dollars; five clerks, at one thousand  
six hundred dollars each; two clerks, at one thousand two hundred  
dollars each; one clerk and translator, one thousand dollars; one  
hospital steward (employed as chemist), one thousand two hundred  
dollars; six copyists; one messenger, six hundred dollars; two labor-  
ers, at four hundred and eighty dollars each; and one laborer, three  
hundred and sixty dollars; in all, twenty-five thousand seven hundred  
and twenty dollars, the same to be paid from the permanent appropri-  
ations for the Marine Hospital Service. And hereafter the Supervis-  
ing Surgeon-General of the Marine Hospital Service is hereby author-  
ized to cause the detail of an additional medical officer and one  
hospital steward for duty in the Bureau, who shall each receive the  
pay and allowances of his respective grade in the general service.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS, 2nd SESS., VOL. 28,  
PAGE 229. (Approved August 4, 1894)

AN ACT EXTENDING THE BENEFITS OF THE MARINE HOSPITALS TO THE KEEPERS  
AND CREWS OF LIFE-SAVING STATIONS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the privilege of admission to and temporary treatment in the marine hospitals under the control of the Government of the United States be, and is hereby extended to the keepers and crews of the Life-Saving Service under the same rules and regulations as those governing sailors and seamen, and for the purposes of this Act members of the Life-Saving Service shall be received in said hospitals and treated therein, and at the dispensaries thereof, as are seamen of American registered vessels; but this Act shall not be so construed as to compel the establishment of hospitals or dispensaries for the benefit of said keepers and crews, nor as establishing a home for the same when permanently disabled.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS, 2nd SESS., PAGE 372,  
CHAP. CCC. (Approved August 18, 1894)

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION TWO OF AN ACT APPROVED FEBRUARY FIFTEENTH,  
EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND NINETY-THREE, ENTITLED "AN ACT GRANTING ADDI-  
TIONAL QUARANTINE POWERS AND IMPOSING ADDITIONAL DUTIES UPON THE  
MARINE HOSPITAL SERVICE.

Be it enacted, etc., That section two of the Act approved  
February fifteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, entitled  
"An Act granting additional quarantine powers and imposing addi-  
tional duties upon the Marine Hospital Service" is hereby amend-  
ed by adding to the end of said section the following:

"The provisions of this section shall not apply to vessels  
plying between foreign ports on or near the frontiers of the United  
States and ports of the United States adjacent thereto; but the  
Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized, when, in his dis-  
cretion, it is expedient for the preservation of the public health,  
to establish regulations governing such vessels."



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS, 2nd SESS., PAGE 392,  
CHAP. CCCI. (Approved August 18, 1894)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND NINETY-FIVE, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted, etc., That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, for the objects hereinafter expressed, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-five, namely:

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#### QUARANTINE SERVICE.

For the maintenance and ordinary expenses, including pay of officers and employees of quarantine stations at Delaware Breakwater, Reedy Island, Cape Charles and supplemental station, South Atlantic Station (Sapelo Sound); Brunswick, Key West, Gulf, San Diego, San Francisco, and Port Townsend, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.

For ballast scows, small hospital, repairs to buildings, and boat landings, for the Gulf Quarantine Station, Ship Island, Mississippi (transferred from Chandeleur Island), five thousand dollars.

For establishing a quarantine station, and maintenance of same, at or near Southport, North Carolina, twenty-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

#### PREVENTION OF EPIDEMICS.

The President of the United States is hereby authorized in case of threatened or actual epidemic of cholera, yellow fever, smallpox, or Chinese plague or black death to use the unexpended balance of the sums appropriated and reappropriated by the sundry civil appropriation Act approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, or so much thereof as may be necessary, in aid of State and local boards or otherwise, in his discretion, in preventing and suppressing the spread of the same; and in such emergency in the execution of any quarantine laws which may be then in force.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS, 2nd SESS., PAGE 741,  
VOL. 28, (Approved March 2, 1895)

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION ONE OF CHAPTER CCCXCVIII OF THE LAWS OF EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-TWO, ENTITLED "AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR DEDUCTIONS FROM THE GROSS TONNAGE OF VESSELS OF THE UNITED STATES."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representative of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section one of Chapter three hundred and ninety-eight of the laws of eighteen hundred and eighty-two, approved August fifth, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, entitled "An Act to provide for deductions from the gross tonnage of vessels of the United States," be amended so as to read:

"That section forty-one hundred and fifty-three of the Revised Statutes of the United States be amended by inserting before the last paragraph thereof the following words:

"That from the gross tonnage of every vessel of the United States there shall be deducted--

"(a) The tonnage of the spaces or compartments occupied by or appropriated to the use of the crew of the vessel. Every place appropriated to the crew of the vessel shall have a space of not less than seventy-two cubic feet and not less than twelve superficial feet, measured on the deck or floor of that place, for each seaman or apprentice lodged therein. Such place shall be securely constructed, properly lighted, drained, and ventilated, properly protected from weather and sea, and as far as practicable properly shut off and protected from the effluvia of cargo or bilge water; and failure to comply with this provision shall subject the owner to a penalty of five hundred dollars. Every place so occupied shall be kept free from goods or stores of any kind not being the personal property of the crew in use during the voyage; and if any such place is not so kept free the master shall forfeit and pay to each seaman or apprentice lodged in that place the sum of fifty cents a day for each day during which any goods or stores as aforesaid are kept or stored in the place after complaint has been made to him by any two or more of the seamen so lodged. No deduction from tonnage as aforesaid shall be made unless there is permanently cut in a beam and over the doorway of every such place the number of men it is allowed to accommodate with these words, "Certified to accommodate \_\_\_\_\_ seamen."





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS, 3d SESS., VOL. 28,  
PAGES 744, 758, CHAP. CLXXVI. (Approved March 2, 1895)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS, ETC., FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.  
(Surgeon General associated with H O in re Diphtheria)

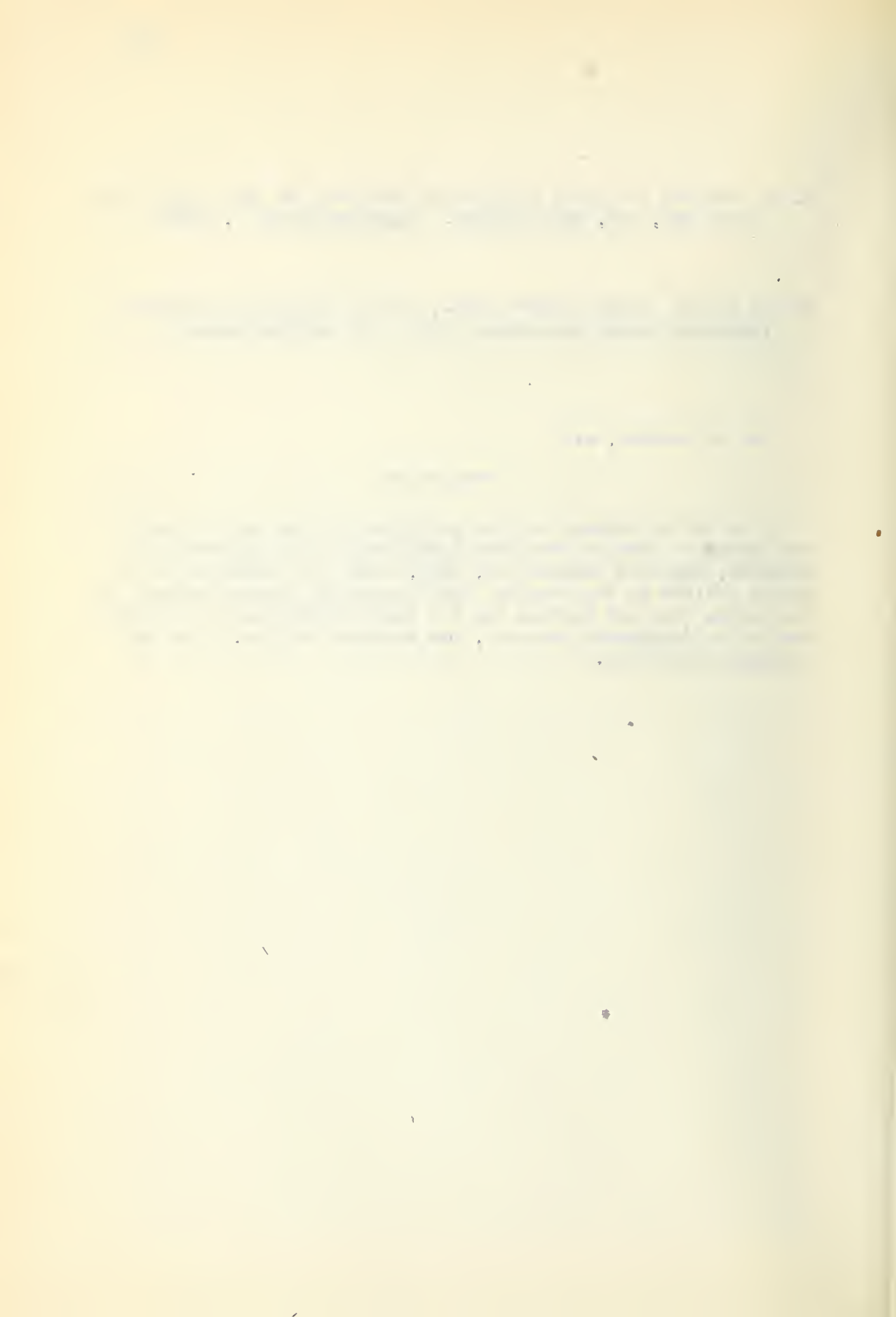
Be it enacted, etc.,

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For the enforcement of the provisions of the act to prevent the spread of scarlet fever and diphtheria in the District of Columbia, approved December 20, 1890, under the direction of the Health Officer of the District and Supervising Surgeon General of the Marine Hospital Service and for the establishment and maintenance of a disinfecting service, ten thousand dollars, to be immediately available.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS, 3d SESS., PAGE 934,  
CHAP. CLXXXIX. (Approved March 2, 1895)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND NINETY-SIX, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted, etc., That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, for the objects hereinafter expressed, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-six, namely:

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The President of the United States is hereby authorized, in case of threatened or actual epidemic of cholera, yellow fever, smallpox, or Chinese plague or black death, to use the unexpended balance of the sums appropriated and reappropriated by the sundry civil appropriation Acts approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, and August eighteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-four, or so much thereof as may be necessary, in aid of State and local boards, or otherwise, in his discretion, in preventing and suppressing the spread of the same; and in such emergency in the execution of any quarantine laws which may be then in force: Provided, That the Secretary of the Treasury may use not exceeding nine hundred dollars of such unexpended balance for the experimental investigation of the treatment and prevention of smallpox in the laboratory of the Marine Hospital Service, to be immediately available.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS, 2nd SESS., VOL. 29,  
PAGE 554, CHAP. CCLXV. (Approved February 19, 1897)

LEGISLATIVE, EXECUTIVE AND JUDICIAL, ETC.

OFFICE OF SUPERVISING SURGEON-GENERAL MARINE HOSPITAL SERVICE:

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Provided, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized, in his discretion, to grant to the medical officers of the Marine Hospital Service commissioned by the President, without deduction of pay, leaves of absence for the same periods of time and in the same manner as is now authorized to be granted to officers of the Army by the Secretary of War.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, VOLUME 29, PAGE 689.

ACT OF MARCH 3, 1897 - SEC. 7, AMENDING SECTION 4545, REVISED STATUTES,  
TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

Sec. 4545. A circuit court, in its discretion, may at any time direct the sale of the whole or any part of the effects of a deceased seaman or apprentice, which it has received or may hereafter receive, and shall hold the proceeds of such sale as the wages of deceased seamen are held. When no claim to the wages or effects, or proceeds of the sale of the effects, of a deceased seaman or apprentice, received by a circuit court, is substantiated within six years after the receipt thereof by the court, it shall be in the absolute discretion of the court, if any subsequent claim is made, either to allow or refuse the same. Such courts shall, from time to time, pay any moneys arising from the unclaimed wages and effects of deceased seamen, which, in their opinion, it is not necessary to retain for the purpose of satisfying claims, into the Treasury of the United States, and such moneys shall form a fund for, and be appropriated to, the relief of sick and disabled and destitute seamen belonging to the United States merchant marine service.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS, 3d SESS., VOL. 30,  
PAGE 762, CHAP. XXVIII, SEC. 23. (Approved December, 21, 1898)

AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAWS RELATING TO AMERICAN SEAMEN FOR THE PROTECTION OF SUCH SEAMEN AND TO PROMOTE COMMERCE.

Be it enacted, etc.,

Sec. 23. That section forty-six hundred and twelve of the Revised Statutes is hereby amended by striking out the scale of provisions and substitutes in table A, and in place thereof inserting the following scale of provisions and substitutes to be allowed and served out to the crew during the voyage:

(Here appears table, which is too extensive to copy here, but which may be found on page 762, Vol. 30, Stat. at Large, or annual report, M. H. S., 1899, Page 45.)





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS, 3d SESS., PAGE 976,  
CHAP. COCKLIX. (Approved March 2, 1899)

AN ACT FOR THE INVESTIGATION OF LEPROSY.

Be it enacted, etc., That the Supervising Surgeon-General of the Marine Hospital Service, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, shall appoint a commission of medical officers of the Marine Hospital Service to investigate the origin and prevalence of leprosy in the United States, and to report upon what legislation is necessary for the prevention of the spread of this disease; the expenses of this investigation, not exceeding the sum of five thousand dollars, to be paid from the fund for preventing the spread of epidemic diseases.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-SIXTH CONGRESS, 1st SESS., PAGE 28,  
CHAP. XVIII. (Approved February 13, 1900)

ACT GRANTING PERMISSION AND AUTHORITY TO THE ORLEANS LEVEE BOARD TO MOVE, WITHOUT COST TO THE UNITED STATES, THE EXISTING LINE OF LEVEE IN FRONT OF THE MARINE HOSPITAL PROPERTY IN NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA.

Be it enacted, etc., That permission and authority be, and they are hereby, granted to the Orleans levee board to move, without cost to the United States, the existing line of levee in front of the United States marine hospital property in New Orleans, Louisiana, in the square bounded by State street, Henry Clay avenue, Tchoupitoulas street, and the Mississippi River; said line of levee to be moved outwardly in the direction of said river to the new line of levee established by the said Orleans levee board, and that the City of New Orleans be, and it is hereby, authorized to extend, lay out, open and to keep open, through the said marine hospital property, the street known as Front street, one hundred and ten feet wide, extending from Penniston street to the upper limits of the City of New Orleans, a distance of about five miles, as provided for under ordinance of the City of New Orleans, numbered fifteen thousand and eighty, council series, approved March first, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine: Provided, That in case the said city of New Orleans has granted, or shall grant, a right of way over said street to any railway company, corporation, firm, or person, or that said street shall be used for railway purposes, such grant, privilege, or use shall be upon condition that no part of said street within the limits of said marine hospital property (or within one thousand feet from the same) shall be used for depot purposes, or railroad yard, or for the purpose of switching, shifting, or parking cars, or making up or breaking up trains of cars, or for any other purpose than the ordinary transit, without stopping, of railway trains: And provided further, That the inner line of said Front street shall not be located at any point nearer than eight feet to the present iron fence inclosing the grounds of said marine hospital property; and the violation of any of the provisions of this Act shall, as to the person, company, railway company, municipal corporation, or other corporation so violating any of said provisions, cause a revocation of all rights and privileges given or granted by this Act.

Sec. 2. That jurisdiction, power and authority be, and are hereby, recognized by the United States as existing in the City of

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# THE HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES

OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA  
FROM THE FIRST SETTLEMENTS TO THE PRESENT TIME

The history of the United States is a story of a young nation that grew from a few scattered colonies on the eastern coast of North America to a vast, powerful republic. The story begins with the first European settlers, who came to the New World in search of a better life and a place to worship as they saw fit. These early settlers, including the Pilgrims and the Puritans, established small, self-sufficient communities that would become the foundation of the United States.

As the colonies grew, they began to develop their own distinct identities and interests. They fought for their rights against the British, leading to the American Revolution. The war was a struggle for independence, and it resulted in the birth of a new nation. The United States Declaration of Independence, signed on July 4, 1776, is a landmark document that declared the colonies' freedom from British rule.

The new nation faced many challenges in its early years. It was a young and fragile republic, and it had to establish a system of government that would protect the rights of its citizens and ensure the stability of the country. The framers of the Constitution, including George Washington, James Madison, and Alexander Hamilton, worked hard to create a strong and effective government.

The Constitution, signed in 1787, is the foundation of the United States government. It established a system of three branches: the executive, the legislative, and the judicial. This system of checks and balances has allowed the United States to maintain a stable and democratic government for over two centuries.

Over the years, the United States has grown in size and power. It has expanded its territory across the continent and into the oceans. It has become a world leader in science, technology, and industry. It has fought wars and faced challenges, but it has always emerged stronger and more united.

Today, the United States is a powerful and influential nation. It is a land of freedom and opportunity, where people from all over the world come to live and work. It is a nation that has made great contributions to the world and that continues to shape the future.

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New Orleans to regulate and make improvements in said street as thus opened and extended as fully and completely as over any other portion of said street, or as fully and completely, as said City of New Orleans now has, by her charter and the laws of the State of Louisiana, power and authority to regulate, to make improvements in, or govern any other street in said city.

1. The first part of the document is a letter from the Secretary of the State to the Governor, dated 10th March 1870. It contains a report on the state of the State and the progress of the various departments. The letter is signed by the Secretary and is addressed to the Governor.

U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-SIXTH CONGRESS, 1st SESS., PAGE 80,  
CHAP. CXCI. (Approved April 12, 1900)

AN ACT TEMPORARILY TO PROVIDE REVENUES AND A CIVIL GOVERNMENT FOR  
PORTO RICO, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted, etc., That the provisions of this Act shall apply to the Island of Porto Rico and to the adjacent islands and waters of the islands lying east of the seventy-fourth meridian of longitude west of Greenwich, which were ceded to the United States by the Government of Spain by treaty entered into on the tenth day of December, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight; and the name Porto Rico, as used in this Act, shall be held to include not only the island of that name, but all adjacent islands as aforesaid.

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That quarantine stations shall be established at such places in Porto Rico as the Supervising Surgeon-General of the Marine Hospital Service of the United States shall direct, and the quarantine regulations relating to the importation of diseases from other countries shall be under the control of the Government of the United States.

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO  
DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON THE  
PROGRESS OF CHEMISTRY

The Committee on the Progress of Chemistry has the honor to report to the Board of Trustees of the University of Chicago the results of its work during the year 1911. The Committee has been organized since the year 1908, and has since that time been engaged in a study of the progress of chemistry in the United States and abroad. It has held numerous public hearings and has received many suggestions from chemists of all ranks. It has also conducted extensive researches into the various branches of chemistry, and has published a number of reports on its findings.

CONTENTS

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON THE PROGRESS OF CHEMISTRY  
THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO  
DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
1912

U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-SIXTH CONGRESS, 1st SESS., PAGE 160,  
CHAP. CCCXXXIX. (Approved April 30, 1900)

AN ACT TO PROVIDE A GOVERNMENT FOR THE TERRITORY OF HAWAII.

Sec. 97. That quarantine stations shall be established at such places in the Territory of Hawaii as the Supervising Surgeon General of the Marine Hospital Service of the United States shall direct, and the quarantine regulations for said islands relating to the importation of diseases from other countries shall be under the control of the Government of the United States. The quarantine station and grounds at the harbor of Honolulu, together with all the public property belonging to that service, shall be transferred to the Marine Hospital Service of the United States, and said quarantine grounds shall continue to be so used and employed until the station is changed to other grounds which may be selected by order of the Secretary of the Treasury.

The health laws of the Government of Hawaii relating to the harbor of Honolulu and other harbors and inlets from the sea and to the internal control of the health of the islands shall remain in the jurisdiction of the government of the Territory of Hawaii, subject to the quarantine laws and regulations of the United States.



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THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO  
DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY

REPORT ON THE PROGRESS OF RESEARCH

The following report summarizes the progress of research conducted during the past year. The work has been directed towards the study of the properties of the new compound, X<sub>2</sub>Y<sub>3</sub>Z<sub>4</sub>, which was first synthesized in the laboratory of Dr. J. D. Smith in 1955. The initial studies were carried out by Dr. J. D. Smith and Dr. R. L. Jones, and the results were published in the Journal of Chemical Physics, 24, 1234 (1956). The present work has been carried out by Dr. J. D. Smith and Dr. R. L. Jones, and the results are reported in this report.

The first part of the report describes the synthesis and purification of X<sub>2</sub>Y<sub>3</sub>Z<sub>4</sub>. The compound was prepared by the reaction of X<sub>2</sub>Y<sub>3</sub> and Z<sub>4</sub> in the presence of a catalyst. The reaction was carried out at a temperature of 100°C for a period of 24 hours. The product was purified by recrystallization from a mixture of X<sub>2</sub>Y<sub>3</sub> and Z<sub>4</sub>. The yield of the pure compound was approximately 80%.

The second part of the report describes the physical properties of X<sub>2</sub>Y<sub>3</sub>Z<sub>4</sub>. The compound is a white, crystalline solid with a melting point of 150°C. It is soluble in water and in many organic solvents. The density of the compound is 2.5 g/cm<sup>3</sup>. The refractive index of the compound is 1.5. The compound is stable in air and in water.

The third part of the report describes the chemical properties of X<sub>2</sub>Y<sub>3</sub>Z<sub>4</sub>. The compound reacts with acids to form salts. It also reacts with bases to form salts. The compound is stable in air and in water.

The fourth part of the report describes the spectroscopic properties of X<sub>2</sub>Y<sub>3</sub>Z<sub>4</sub>. The compound shows a strong absorption band in the infrared region at 1000 cm<sup>-1</sup>. It also shows a strong absorption band in the ultraviolet region at 250 nm.

The fifth part of the report describes the crystal structure of X<sub>2</sub>Y<sub>3</sub>Z<sub>4</sub>. The compound crystallizes in the cubic system. The lattice constant is 3.5 Å. The space group is Fm $\bar{3}$ m. The structure is shown in Figure 1.

The sixth part of the report describes the magnetic properties of X<sub>2</sub>Y<sub>3</sub>Z<sub>4</sub>. The compound is diamagnetic. The magnetic susceptibility is -1.5 x 10<sup>-5</sup> emu/mole.

The seventh part of the report describes the thermal properties of X<sub>2</sub>Y<sub>3</sub>Z<sub>4</sub>. The compound has a melting point of 150°C. The heat of fusion is 10 kcal/mole. The heat of formation is -20 kcal/mole.

The eighth part of the report describes the biological properties of X<sub>2</sub>Y<sub>3</sub>Z<sub>4</sub>. The compound is non-toxic. It is not mutagenic. It is not carcinogenic.

The ninth part of the report describes the industrial uses of X<sub>2</sub>Y<sub>3</sub>Z<sub>4</sub>. The compound is used as a catalyst in the synthesis of many organic compounds. It is also used as a reagent in the analysis of many elements.

The tenth part of the report describes the future work on X<sub>2</sub>Y<sub>3</sub>Z<sub>4</sub>. The work will be directed towards the study of the properties of the new compound, X<sub>2</sub>Y<sub>3</sub>Z<sub>4</sub>, which was first synthesized in the laboratory of Dr. J. D. Smith in 1955.

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U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-SIXTH CONGRESS, 1st SESS., VOL. 31,  
PAGE 592. (Approved June 6, 1900)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES, ETC.

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HEATING APPARATUS FOR PUBLIC BUILDINGS: For heating, hoisting, and ventilating apparatus, and repairs to the same, for all public buildings, including marine hospitals and quarantine stations, and the marine hospital sanatorium, Fort Stanton, New Mexico, under control of the Treasury Department. \*\*\*\*\*

(Repeated also in Deficiency Bill, Vol. 31, Page 1016)  
Approved March 3, 1901

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U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-SIXTH CONGRESS., 1st SESS., PAGES 591,  
AND 592, CHAP. DCCXCI. (Approved June 6, 1900)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, NINETEEN HUNDRED AND ONE, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted, etc., That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated for the objects hereinafter expressed, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and one, namely:

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#### MARINE HOSPITALS.

For marine hospital at Cleveland, Ohio: For additional amount for isolation ward and mortuary, two thousand five hundred dollars; additional amount for boiler house and stack, two thousand five hundred dollars; in all, five thousand dollars.

For marine hospital at Boston, Massachusetts: For additional amount for laundry building, one thousand five hundred dollars; additional amount for isolation ward, three thousand dollars; in all, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For marine hospital at Detroit, Michigan: For additional amount for laundry building, three thousand dollars.

For marine hospital at Mobile, Alabama: For isolation ward, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For marine hospital at San Francisco, California: For surgeons' residence, eight thousand dollars.

For marine hospital at Saint Louis, Missouri: For isolation ward and annex, one thousand dollars.

Books and journals for the use of the Marine Hospital Bureau may be purchased during the fiscal year nineteen hundred and one at a cost not to exceed five hundred dollars, and paid for from the appropriation for the Marine Hospital Service.

#### QUARANTINE STATIONS.

For quarantine station, Reedy Island, Delaware River: For

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landing pier and improvements of station, eight thousand dollars.

For quarantine station, Delaware Breakwater, Delaware: For accommodations for passengers, six thousand dollars; crematory, one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; in all, seven thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For quarantine station, Cape Charles, Virginia; For crematory, one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For quarantine station, Brunswick, Georgia; For removal of station, purchase of site, erection of buildings, and equipment of station, twenty thousand dollars.

For quarantine station, Gulf: For improvements to station; dredging machinery, two thousand five hundred dollars; artesian well, three thousand dollars; telephone line, four hundred dollars; crematory, one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; in all, seven thousand one hundred and fifty dollars.

For the establishment of national quarantine stations, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury, near Key West, and at Mullet Key, Florida, made necessary by the transfer, by direction of the President, of the Tortugas quarantine station to the Navy Department for use as a coaling station for the Navy, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.

For quarantine station, South Atlantic: For accommodations for crew, one thousand dollars; transfer barge, one thousand dollars; crematory, one thousand dollars; in all, three thousand dollars.

For quarantine station, Savannah, Georgia: For purchase of buildings, wharves, and disinfecting apparatus, twenty thousand dollars. Improvement of station: Attendants' quarters, hospital building, bath house, boathouse, and small boat, ten thousand dollars; in all, thirty thousand dollars.

For quarantine station, San Diego, California: For improvements of station: Wharf extension, buildings, and crematory, and addition to the water supply, twenty-three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For quarantine station, San Francisco, California: For improvements of station: Iron pier or floating disinfecting plant, one hundred thousand dollars; electric-light plant, ten thousand dollars; additional accommodations for cabin passengers, ten thousand dollars; water system, five thousand dollars; heating apparatus, two thousand dollars; extension of disinfecting and isolation buildings, three thousand five hundred dollars; disinfecting and laundry appliances, one thousand two hundred dollars; in all, one hundred and thirty-one thousand seven hundred dollars.

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## EXECUTIVE ORDER

ESTABLISHING QUARANTINE STATIONS AT CAPE NOME AND DUTCH HARBOR, ALASKA, AND EXTENDING THE UNITED STATES QUARANTINE REGULATIONS.

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DEPARTMENT

CIRCULAR.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., July 28, 1900

To officers of the Treasury Department, State and local quarantine officers, consular officers, masters and owners of steam vessels, and others concerned:

Attentioned is hereby called to the Act of Congress approved February 15, 1893, entitled "An act granting additional powers to and imposing additional duties upon the Marine Hospital Service," and to the portion of Section 3 of said act, which reads as follows:

"And at such ports and places within the United States as have no quarantine regulations under State or municipal authority, where such regulations are, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Treasury, necessary to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious diseases into the United States from foreign countries, or into one State or Territory or the District of Columbia from another State or Territory or the District of Columbia, and at such ports and places within the United States where quarantine regulations exist under the authority of the State or municipality which, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Treasury, are not sufficient to prevent the introduction of such diseases into the United States, or into one State or Territory or the District of Columbia from another State or Territory from the District of Columbia, the Secretary of the Treasury shall, if in his judgment it is necessary and proper, make such additional rules and regulations as are necessary to prevent the introduction of such diseases into the United States

1910

# THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

OFFICE OF THE DEAN

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Dear Sir:

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 15th inst. regarding the matter mentioned therein. The same has been referred to the appropriate authorities for their consideration.

Very respectfully,  
 [Signature]



from foreign countries, or into one State or Territory or the District of Columbia from another State or Territory or the District of Columbia, and when such rules and regulations have been made they shall be promulgated by the Secretary of the Treasury and enforced by the sanitary authorities of the States and municipalities, where the State or municipal health authorities will undertake to execute and enforce them; but if the State or municipal authorities shall fail or refuse to enforce said rules and regulations the President shall execute and enforce the same and adopt such measures as in his judgment shall be necessary to prevent the introduction or spread of such disease, and may detail or appoint officers for that purpose."

In accordance with the provisions of the aforesaid act of Congress, and it appearing that no quarantine regulations nor provisions for the execution of necessary quarantine measures have been provided by the local or territorial authorities of Cape Nome or Dutch Harbor, Alaska, it is hereby ordered that quarantine stations shall be established for these two ports by the Surgeon General of the Marine Hospital Service, under direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, which stations shall be operated under the quarantine regulations of the Treasury Department issued November 13, 1899, with regard to incoming vessels, and in accordance with such other maritime quarantine regulations as may be hereafter promulgated by the Secretary of the Treasury.

It is further ordered, that, with regard to vessels, cargo, or persons, leaving these ports for other ports, and places in the United States the interstate quarantine regulations promulgated by the Secretary of the Treasury under date of September 27, 1894, shall be enforced.

For the execution of the aforementioned regulations the Surgeon General of the Marine Hospital Service is hereby authorized to detail such officers as may be required.

(Signed) L. J. Gage, Secretary.

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E X E C U T I V E   O R D E R .

EXECUTIVE MANSION, July 28, 1900.

Whereas, there are no State or municipal health authorities to execute and enforce the above mentioned rules and regulations, it



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is hereby ordered that they shall be executed and enforced by the Supervising Surgeon General of the Marine Hospital Service, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, and the necessary officers of said Marine Hospital Service are hereby detailed for that purpose.

(Signed) William McKinley.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-SIXTH CONGRESS, 2nd SESS., PAGE 1137,  
CHAP. DCCCLIII. (Approved March 3, 1901)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, NINETEEN HUNDRED AND TWO, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted, etc., That the following sums be, and the same are, hereby, appropriated, for the objects hereinafter expressed, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and two, namely:

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Marine Hospitals: For building for laboratory, Marine Hospital Service: For the erection of the necessary buildings and quarters for a laboratory for the investigation of infectious and contagious diseases, and matters pertaining to the public health, under the direction of the Supervising Surgeon General, thirty-five thousand dollars; and the Secretary of the Navy is authorized to transfer to the Secretary of the Treasury, for use as a site for said laboratory, five acres of the reservation now occupied by the Naval Museum of Hygiene.

Books and journals for the use of the Marine Hospital Bureau may be purchased during the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two at a cost not to exceed five hundred dollars, and paid for from the appropriation for the Marine Hospital Service.

Quarantine Stations: For quarantine station, Reedy Island, Delaware River: For reclamation of ground and additional quarters, twelve thousand dollars; for boarding vessel, fifty thousand dollars; in all, sixty-two thousand dollars.

For quarantine station, Delaware Breakwater, Delaware: For bulk-heading, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For Cape Fear quarantine station: For quarters for detained crews, two thousand dollars.

For quarantine station, Savannah, Georgia: For ballast gangway, with tracks and cars and sheds, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For Columbia River quarantine station: For hospital and lazarette, for pumping station, and for mooring buoy and anchor eight thousand five hundred dollars.

For Port Townsend quarantine station: For boarding vessel, forty thousand dollars.

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U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-SIXTH CONGRESS, 2nd SESS., PAGE 1086,  
CHAP. DCCCXXXVI. (Approved March 3, 1901)

AN ACT TO AMEND "AN ACT GRANTING ADDITIONAL QUARANTINE POWERS AND IM-  
POSING ADDITIONAL DUTIES UPON THE MARINE HOSPITAL SERVICE," APPROVED  
FEBRUARY FIFTEENTH, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND NINETY-THREE.

Be it enacted, etc., That an Act granting additional quarantine powers and imposing additional duties upon the Marine Hospital Service, approved February fifteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, be amended by addition of the following sections:

"Sec. 10. That the Supervising Surgeon General, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, is authorized to designate and mark the boundaries of the quarantine grounds and quarantine anchorages for vessels, which are reserved for use at each United States quarantine station; and any vessel or officer of any vessel or other person, other than State or municipal health or quarantine officers, trespassing or otherwise entering upon such grounds or anchorages in disregard of the quarantine rules and regulations, or without permission of the officer in charge of such station, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to arrest, and upon conviction thereof be punished by a fine of not more than three hundred dollars or imprisonment for not more than one year, or both, in the discretion of the court. Any master or owner of any vessel, or any person violating any provision of this Act or any rule or regulation made in accordance with this Act relating to inspection of vessels or relating to the prevention of the introduction of contagious or infectious diseases, or any master, owner, or agent of any vessel making a false statement relative to the sanitary condition of said vessel or its contents or as to the health of any passenger or person thereon, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to arrest, and upon conviction thereof be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars or imprisonment for not more than one year, or both, in the discretion of the court."

"Sec. 11. That any vessel sailing from any foreign port without the bill of health required by section two of this Act, and arriving within the limits of any collection district of the United States, and not entering or attempting to enter any port of the United States shall be subject to such quarantine measures as shall be prescribed by regulations of the Secretary of the Treasury, and the cost of such measures



shall be a lien on said vessel, to be recovered by proceedings in the proper district court of the United States and in the manner set forth above as regards vessels from foreign ports without bills of health and entering any port of the United States.

"Sec. 12. That the medical officers of the United States, duly clothed with authority to act as quarantine officers at any port of place within the United States, and when performing the said duties, are hereby authorized to take declarations and administer oaths in matters pertaining to the administration of the quarantine laws and regulations of the United States."





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS, 1st SESS., VOL. 32,  
PAGE 712. (Approved July 1, 1902)

PUBLIC HEALTH AND MARINE-HOSPITAL SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES.

AN ACT TO INCREASE THE EFFICIENCY AND CHANGE THE NAME OF THE UNITED STATES MARINE-HOSPITAL SERVICE.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the United States Marine-Hospital Service shall hereafter be known and designated as the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service of the United States, and the Supervising Surgeon-General and the officers now or hereafter commissioned under the Act of January fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, entitled "An Act to regulate appointments in the Marine-Hospital Service of the United States," and Acts amendatory thereof, shall hereafter be known as the Surgeon-General, surgeons, passed assistant surgeons, and assistant surgeons of the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service of the United States. Nothing in this Act contained shall be held or construed to discharge and of the officers above named, or any of the acting assistant surgeons, pharmacists, and other employees of the Marine-Hospital Service, or to deprive any officer of his commission or the benefits derived by longevity of service. The care of sick and disabled seamen and all other duties now required by law to be performed by the Marine-Hospital Service shall hereafter be performed by the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, and all funds and appropriations now provided by law for use by the Marine-Hospital Service and all properties and rights pertaining to said service shall be available for use for like purposes and in like manner, under the Treasury Department, by the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service.

Sec. 2. That the salary of the Surgeon-General of the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service shall be five thousand dollars per annum, and the salaries and allowances of the commissioned medical officers of said service shall be the same as now provided by regulations of the Marine-Hospital Service.

Sec. 3. That commissioned medical officers, when detailed by the Surgeon-General for duty in the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Bureau at Washington, District of Columbia, in charge of the adminis-



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trative divisions thereof, namely, marine hospitals and relief, domestic quarantine, foreign and insular quarantine, personnel and accounts, sanitary reports and statistics, and scientific research, shall, while thus serving, be assistant surgeons-general of the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, but their pay and allowances shall be the same as now provided by regulations of the Marine-Hospital Service for officers in charge of said divisions; and the senior officer thus serving shall be the assistant within the meaning of section one hundred and seventy-eight, Revised Statutes of the United States: Provided, however, That no such officer shall be detailed in charge of said divisions who is below the rank of passed assistant surgeon.

Sec. 4. That the President is authorized, in his discretion, to utilize the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service in times of threatened or actual war to such extent and in such manner as shall in his judgment promote the public interest without, however, in any wise impairing the efficiency of the service for the purposes for which the same was created and is maintained.

Sec. 5. That there shall be an advisory board for the hygienic laboratory provided by the Act of Congress approved March third, nineteen hundred and one, for consultation with the Surgeon-General of the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service relative to the investigations to be inaugurated, and the methods of conducting the same, in said laboratory. Said board shall consist of three competent experts, to be detailed from the Army, the Navy, and the Bureau of Animal Industry by the Surgeon-General of the Army, the Surgeon-General of the Navy, and the Secretary of Agriculture, respectively, which experts, with the director of the said laboratory, shall be ex officio members of the board, and serve without additional compensation. Five other members of said board shall be appointed by the Surgeon-General of the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, who shall be skilled in laboratory work in its relation to the public health, and not in the regular employment of the Government. The said five members shall each receive compensation of ten dollars per diem while serving in conference, as aforesaid, together with allowance for actual and necessary traveling expenses and hotel expenses while in conference. Said conference is not to exceed ten days in any one fiscal year. The term of service of the five members of said board, not in the regular employment of the Government, first appointed shall be so arranged that one of said members shall retire each year, the subsequent appointments to be for a period of five years. Appointments to fill vacancies occurring in a manner other than as above provided shall be made for the unexpired term of the member whose place has become vacant.





Sec. 6. That there shall be appointed by the Surgeon-General, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, whenever, in the opinion of the Surgeon-General, commissioned medical officers of the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service are not available for this duty by detail, competent persons to take charge of the divisions, respectively, of chemistry, zoology, and pharmacology of the hygienic laboratory, who shall each receive such pay as shall be fixed by the Surgeon-General, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury. The director of the said laboratory shall be an officer detailed from the corps of commissioned medical officers of the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, and while thus serving shall have the pay and emoluments of a surgeon: Provided, That all commissioned officers of the Public Health and Marine Hospital Service not below the grade of past assistant surgeon shall be eligible to assignment to duty in charge of the said divisions of the hygienic laboratory, and while serving in such capacity shall be entitled to the pay and emoluments of their rank.

Sec. 7. That when, in the opinion of the Surgeon-General of the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service of the United States, the interests of the public health would be promoted by a conference of said service with State or Territorial boards of health, quarantine authorities, or State health officers, the District of Columbia included, he may invite as many of said health and quarantine authorities as he deems necessary or proper to send delegates, not more than one from each State or Territory and District of Columbia, to said conference: Provided, That an annual conference of the health authorities of all the States and Territories and the District of Columbia shall be called, each of said States, Territories, and the District of Columbia to be entitled to one delegate: And provided further, That it shall be the duty of the said Surgeon-General to call a conference upon the application of not less than five State or Territorial boards of health, quarantine authorities, or State health officers, each of said States and Territories joining in such request to be represented by one delegate.

Sec. 8. That to secure uniformity in the registration of mortality, morbidity, and vital statistics it shall be the duty of the Surgeon-General of the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, after the annual conference required by section seven to be called, to prepare and distribute suitable and necessary forms for the collection and compilation of such statistics, and said statistics, when transmitted to the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Bureau on said forms, shall be compiled and published by the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service as a part of the health reports published by said service.

Sec. 9. That the President shall from time to time prescribe rules for the conduct of the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service. He shall also prescribe regulations respecting its internal administra-





tion and discipline, and the uniforms of its officers and employees. It shall be the duty of the Surgeon-General to transmit annually to the Secretary of the Treasury, for transmission by said Secretary to Congress, a full and complete report of the transactions of said service, including a detailed statement of receipts and disbursements.

(Approved, July 1, 1902.)



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS, 1st SESS., VOL. 32,  
PAGE 728. (Approved July 1, 1902)

AN ACT TO REGULATE THE SALE OF VIRUSES, SERUMS, TOXINS, AND ANALOGOUS PRODUCTS IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, TO REGULATE INTERSTATE TRAFFIC IN SAID ARTICLES, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after six months after the promulgation of the regulations authorized by section four of this Act no person shall sell, barter, or exchange, or offer for sale, barter, or exchange in the District of Columbia, or send, carry or bring for sale, barter, or exchange from any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia into any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia, or from any foreign country into the United States, or from the United States into any foreign country, any virus, therapeutic serum, toxin, antitoxin, or analogous product applicable to the prevention and cure of diseases of man, unless (a) such virus, serum, toxin, antitoxin, or product has been propagated and prepared at an establishment holding an unsuspended and unrevoked license, issued by the Secretary of the Treasury as hereinafter authorized, to propagate and prepare such virus, serum, toxin, antitoxin, or product for sale in the District of Columbia, or for sending bringing, or carrying from place to place aforesaid; nor (b) unless each package of such virus, serum, toxin, antitoxin, or product is plainly marked with the proper name of the article contained therein, the name, address, and license number of the manufacturer, and the date beyond which the contents can not be expected beyond reasonable doubt to yield their specific results: Provided, That the suspension or revocation of any license shall not prevent the sale, barter, or exchange of any virus, serum, toxin, antitoxin, or product aforesaid which has been sold and delivered by the licentiate prior to such suspension or revocation, unless the owner or custodian of such virus, serum, toxin, antitoxin, or product aforesaid has been notified by the Secretary of the Treasury not to sell, barter, or exchange the same.

Sec. 2. That no person shall falsely label or mark any package or container of any virus, serum, toxin, antitoxin, or product aforesaid; nor alter any label or mark on any package or container of any virus, serum, toxin, antitoxin, or product aforesaid so as to falsify such label or mark.

Sec. 3. That any officer, agent, or employee of the Treasury Department, duly detailed by the Secretary of the Treasury for that





purpose, may during all reasonable hours enter and inspect any establishment for the propagation and preparation of any virus, serum, toxin, antitoxin, or product aforesaid for sale, barter, or exchange in the District of Columbia, or to be sent, carried, or brought from any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia into any other State or Territory or the District of Columbia, or from the United States into any foreign country, or from any foreign country into the United States.

Sec. 4. That the Surgeon-General of the Army, the Surgeon-General of the Navy, and the supervising Surgeon-General of the Marine-Hospital Service, be, and they are hereby, constituted a board with wuthority, subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, to promulgate from time to time such rules as may be necessary in the judgment of said board to govern the issue, suspension, and revocation of licenses for the maintenance of establishments for the propagation and preparation of viruses, serums, toxins, antitoxins, and analogous products, applicable to the prevention and cure of diseases of man, intended for sale in the District of Columbia, or to be sent, carried, or brought for sale from any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia, into any other State, Territory, or the District of Columbia, or from the United States into any foreign country, or from any foreign country into the United States: Provided, That all licenses issued for the maintenance of establishments for the propagation and preparation in any foreign country of any virus, serum, toxin, antitoxin, or product aforesaid, for sale, barter, or exchange in the United States, shall be issued upon condition that the licentiates will permit the inspection of the establishments where said articles are propagated and prepared, in accordance with section three of this Act.

Sec. 5. That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to enforce the provisions of this Act and of such rules and regulations as may be made by authority thereof; to issue, suspend, and revoke licenses for the maintenance of establishments aforesaid, and to detail for the discharge of such duties such officers, agents, and employees of the Treasury Department as may in his judgment be necessary.

Sec. 6. That no person shall interfere with any officer, agent, or employee of the Treasury Department in the performance of any duty imposed upon him by this Act or by regulations made by authority thereof.

Sec. 7. That any person who shall violate, or aid or abet in violating, any of the provisions of this Act shall be punished by a





fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 8. That all Acts and parts of Acts inconsistent with the provisions of this Act be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

Approved July 1, 1902.



COPY

## W H I T E   H O U S E

September 4, 1902.

It is hereby ordered that the hereinafter described tract of land in the District of Alaska, be, and it is hereby reserved and set apart for the use of the Public Health and Marine Hospital Service, subject to any existing legal rights to any land in the limits of the reservation hereby established, to wit:

Sledge Island off the coast of Seward Peninsula, west of Cape Nome, in latitude 64° 30' north, longitude 166° west from Greenwich.

T. Roosevelt.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS, 2nd SESS., VOL. 32,  
PAGE 1037. (Approved March 3, 1903)

## D E F I C I E N C Y

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For completing the building for the laboratory for the Marine-  
Hospital Service, one thousand dollars.

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U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS, 2nd SESS., VOL. 32,  
PAGE 1217. (Approved March 3, 1903)

ACT TO REGULATE THE IMMIGRATION OF ALIENS INTO THE UNITED STATES.

Sec. 17. That the physical and mental examination of all arriving aliens shall be made by medical officers of the United States Marine-Hospital Service, who shall have had at least two years' experience in the practice of their profession since receiving the degree of doctor of medicine and who shall certify for the information of the immigration officers and the boards of special inquiry hereinafter provided for, any and all physical and mental defects or diseases observed by said medical officers in any such alien, or, should medical officers of the United States Marine-Hospital Service be not available, civil surgeons of not less than four years' professional experience may be employed in such emergencies for the said service, upon such terms as may be prescribed by the Commissioner-General of Immigration, under the direction or with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury. The United States Public Health and Marine Hospital Service shall be reimbursed by the Immigration Service for all expenditures incurred in carrying out the medical inspection of aliens under regulations of the Secretary of the Treasury.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS, 2nd SESS., VOL. 33,  
PAGE 104. (Approved March 18, 1904)

LEGISLATIVE, EXECUTIVE AND JUDICIAL.

OFFICE OF SURGEON-GENERAL PUBLIC HEALTH AND MARINE-HOSPITAL  
SERVICE:

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and said service shall remain under the jurisdiction of the Treasury  
Department until otherwise hereafter specifically provided by law.

NOTE: Above clause was repeated, by inadvertence, in the Legislative,  
Executive and Judicial Act, approved February 3, 1905.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, VOL. 33, PAGE 1283.

PUBLIC RESOLUTION -- NO. 20.

JOINT RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR THE PUBLICATION OF THE ANNUAL REPORTS AND BULLETINS OF THE HYGIENIC LABORATORY AND OF THE YELLOW FEVER INSTITUTE OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH AND MARINE-HOSPITAL SERVICE.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there shall be printed each year the bulletins of the hygienic laboratory, not exceeding ten in number in any one year, and of the yellow fever institute of the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service of the United States, not exceeding five in number in any one year, in such editions, not exceeding five thousand copies in any one year, as the interests of the Government and the public may require, subject to the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury.

Sec. 2. That there shall be printed each year four thousand copies of the annual report of the Surgeon-General of the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, bound in cloth, to be distributed by the Surgeon-General.

Approved, February 24, 1905.



(PUBLIC--NO. 217.)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS TO SUPPLY DEFICIENCIES IN THE APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, NINETEEN HUNDRED AND FIVE, AND FOR PRIOR YEARS, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and five, and for prior years, and for other objects hereinafter stated, namely:

**PUBLIC HEALTH AND MARINE-HOSPITAL SERVICE:** For maintenance and ordinary expenses of the Public Health and Marine Hospital Service in addition to the tonnage tax appropriated by Act of June twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, made necessary by decrease in the tonnage tax, and added expense in the maintenance of the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, and additional expenditures entailed under the provisions of the Act of July first, nineteen hundred and two, entitled "An Act to increase the efficiency and change the name of the United States Marine-Hospital Service," two hundred thousand dollars for the fiscal years, as follows:

For the fiscal year nineteen hundred and five, two hundred thousand dollars.

For the fiscal year nineteen hundred and six, two hundred thousand dollars.

That so much of section fifteen of an Act entitled "An Act to remove certain burdens on the American merchant marine and encourage the American foreign carrying trade, and for other purposes," approved June twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, as makes a permanent appropriation of the receipts for duties on tonnage provided for by said Act for the expenses of maintaining the Marine-Hospital Service is hereby repealed, to take effect from and after June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and six. And the Secretary of the Treasury shall, for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and seven, and annually thereafter, submit to Congress, in the regular Book of Estimates, detailed estimates of the expenses of maintaining the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service.

Approved, March 3, 1905.





(PUBLIC--NO. 216.)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, NINETEEN HUNDRED AND SIX, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, for the objects hereinafter expressed, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and six, namely:

**QUARANTINE SERVICE:** For the maintenance and ordinary expenses, including pay of officers and employees of quarantine stations at Portland, Maine, Perth Amboy, New Jersey, Delaware Breakwater, Reedy Island, Cape Charles and supplemental station, Cape Fear, Savannah, South Atlantic, and Brunswick, Cumberland Sound, Saint Johns River, Biscayne Bay, Key West, Boca Grande, Tampa Bay, Cedar Key, Saint Georges Sound (East and West Pass), Pensacola, Gulf, San Diego, San Francisco, Columbia River, Port Townsend and supplemental stations, quarantine system of the Hawaiian Islands, and the quarantine system of Porto Rico, three hundred and forty thousand dollars.

An expenditure of not to exceed five hundred dollars may be incurred during the fiscal year nineteen hundred and six for printing on account of the quarantine service at times when the exigencies of that service require immediate action, chargeable to the appropriation "Preventing the introduction and spread of epidemic diseases."

Books and journals for use of the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Bureau may be purchased during the fiscal year nineteen hundred and six at a cost not to exceed five hundred dollars, and paid for from the appropriation for the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service.

**PREVENTION OF EPIDEMICS:** The President of the United States is hereby authorized, in case of threatened or actual epidemic of cholera, typhus fever, yellow fever, smallpox, bubonic plague, Chinese plague, or black death, to use the unexpended balance of the sums appropriated and reappropriated by the sundry civil appropriation Act approved April twenty-eighth, nineteen hundred and four, and one hundred thousand dollars in addition thereto, or so much thereof as may be necessary, in aid of State and local boards, or otherwise, in his discretion, in preventing and suppressing the spread of the same, including pay and allowances of all officers and employees of the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service assigned to duty in preventing and suppressing the spread of the same; and in such emergency in the execution of any quarantine laws which may be then in force, the same to be immediately available.

Approved, March 3, 1905.



(PUBLIC--NO. 176.)

U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, VOL. 33, PAGE 1009.

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE INVESTIGATION OF LEPROSY, WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO THE CARE AND TREATMENT OF LEPERS IN HAWAII.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That when the Territorial government of Hawaii shall cede to the United States in perpetuity a suitable tract of land one mile square, more or less, on the leper reservation at Molokai, Hawaii, there shall be established thereon a hospital station and laboratory of the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service of the United States for the study of the methods of transmission, cause, and treatment of leprosy.

Sec. 2. That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause the erection upon such site of suitable and necessary buildings for the purposes of this Act, at a cost not to exceed the sum herein appropriated for such purpose.

Sec. 3. That for the purposes of this Act the Surgeon-General, through his accredited agent, is authorized to receive at such station such patients afflicted with leprosy as may be committed to his care under legal authorization of the Territory of Hawaii, not to exceed forty in number to be under treatment at any time, said patients to remain under the jurisdiction of the said Surgeon-General, or his agent, until returned to the proper authorities of Hawaii.

Sec. 4. That the Surgeon-General of the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service of the United States is authorized to detail or appoint, for the purposes of these investigations and treatment, such medical officers, acting assistant surgeons, pharmacists, and employees as may be necessary for said purpose.

Sec. 5. That the sum of one hundred thousand dollars is hereby appropriated, from any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the erection of necessary buildings and other equipment; and fifty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for maintenance and pay of all officers and employees during the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and six.

Sec. 6. That the Surgeon-General of the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service shall, subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, make and adopt regulations for the administration and government of the hospital station and laboratory and for the management and





treatment of all patients of such hospital.

Sec. 7. That when any commissioned or noncommissioned officer of the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service is detailed for duty at the leprosarium herein provided for, he shall receive, in addition to the pay and allowances of his grade, one-half the pay of said grade and such allowances as may be provided for by the Surgeon-General of the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury.

Approved, March 3, 1905.





(PUBLIC--NO. 243.)

U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-NINTH CONGRESS, 1st SESS., VOL. ,  
PAGE -- (Approved June 19, 1906)

AN ACT TO FURTHER PROTECT PUBLIC HEALTH AND MAKE MORE EFFECTIVE  
THE NATIONAL QUARANTINE.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury shall have the control, direction, and management of all quarantine stations, grounds, and anchorages established by authority of the United States, and as soon as practicable after the approval of this Act shall select and designate such suitable places for them and establish the same at such points on or near the coast line of the United States or the border of the United States and a foreign country, as in his judgment are best suited for the same and necessary to prevent the introduction of yellow fever into the United States, and, in his discretion, he may also establish at the group of islands known as the Dry Tortugas, at the western end of the Florida reef, and at such other point or points on or near the coast line of the United States (not to exceed four in the aggregate) as he deems necessary, quarantine grounds, stations, and anchorages, whereat or where to infected vessels bound for any port in the United States may be detained or sent for the purpose of being disinfected, having their cargoes disinfected and discharged, if necessary, and their sick treated in hospitals until all danger of infection or contagion from such vessels, their cargoes, passengers, or crews has been removed.

Sec. 2. That in cases in which the title to the land and water so selected and designated is in the United States it shall be the duty of the department, bureau, or official of the United States having custody or possession of such land and water, or any part thereof, not used by the Government for other purposes designated by law, or possession of said Dry Tortugas Islands, on demand of the Secretary of the Treasury, to deliver the same into his custody and possession for the use of the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, evidencing such delivery by a suitable instrument in writing to be delivered to the Secretary of the Treasury. That in cases in which the title to such land and water, or any part thereof, is in any other owner than the United States it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to secure the title and possession of the same to the United States



for the use of the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service of the United States, by purchase at a reasonable price, if possible; but if, in his judgment, the price demanded for such property be excessive, he is hereby authorized to apply to the Attorney-General of the United States to cause to be instituted, in the proper tribunal, condemnation proceedings in the name of the United States for the purpose of acquiring for the United States the title and possession of such land and water, and said Attorney-General shall, as soon as possible after such application by the Secretary of the Treasury, cause such proceedings to be instituted and conducted to a conclusion, and the custody and possession of such land and water, when duly acquired in accordance with the award made in such condemnation proceedings, shall be delivered to the Secretary of the Treasury for the use of the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service.

Sec. 3. That on acquiring possession of any land and water in accordance with the provisions of this Act for the purpose of establishing thereat a quarantine station and anchorage, the Secretary of the Treasury shall cause to be published in such newspapers as he may think proper, once a week for four successive weeks, a notice of the selection and designation of such places for quarantine stations and anchorages, with a description of the boundaries of such quarantine stations and anchorages, and such rules and regulations as he shall adopt and promulgate, requiring vessels with yellow fever among their passengers or crews to go to specified quarantine stations and anchorages, to be dealt with there before visiting any port of the United States. He shall establish at such quarantine stations and anchorages all necessary instrumentalities for disinfecting vessels and their cargoes, and where the same shall be required shall erect the necessary hospital buildings and install the necessary furniture and fittings for receiving and treating the sick among the passengers and crews of vessels going to such quarantine stations and anchorages, and provide for the separation of those among their passengers and crews who are suffering from yellow fever from those who are in good health, and shall further provide for doing all things necessary to eradicate such disease from such vessels, their cargoes, passengers, and crews.

Sec. 4. That any vessel, or any officer of any vessel, or other person other than State health or quarantine officers, entering within the limits of any quarantine grounds and anchorages, or any quarantine station and anchorage, or departing therefrom, in disregard of the quarantine rules and regulations or without the permission of the officer in charge of such quarantine ground and anchorage, or of such quarantine station and anchorage, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not more than three hundred dollars or by







imprisonment for not more than one year, or both, in the discretion of the court. That any master or owner of any vessel violating any provision of this Act, or any provision of an Act entitled "An Act granting additional powers and imposing additional duties on the Marine-Hospital Service," approved February fifteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, or violating any rule or regulation made in accordance with this Act or said Act of February fifteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, relating to the inspection of vessels, or to the prevention of the introduction of contagious or infectious diseases into the United States, or any master, owner, or agent of any vessel making a false statement relative to the sanitary condition of such vessel or its contents, or as to the health of any passenger or person thereon shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars or imprisonment for not more than one year, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 5. That in any place where a quarantine station and plant is already established by State or local authorities it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury, before selecting and designating a quarantine station and grounds and anchorage for vessels, to examine such established stations and plants, with a view of obtaining a transfer of the site and plants to the United States, and whenever the proper authorities shall be ready to transfer the same or surrender the use thereof to the United States, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to obtain title thereto or possession and use thereof, and to pay a reasonable compensation therefor, if, in his opinion, such purchase or use will be necessary to the United States for quarantine purposes and the quarantine stations established by authority of this Act shall, when so established, be used to prevent the introduction of all quarantinable diseases.

Sec. 6. That whenever any established station, or any land or water, or any part thereof, shall be acquired by the United States under the provisions of this Act, jurisdiction over the same shall be ceded to the United States by any State in which the same is situated before any compensation therefor shall be paid.

Sec. 7. That the sum of five hundred thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this Act, as well as for the purpose generally of preventing the importation of yellow fever and other quarantinable diseases into the United States,



and for the further purposes, in cooperation with State or municipal health authorities, of eradicating them should they be imported, of preventing their spread from one State into another State, and of destroying their causes.

Approved, June 19, 1906.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, VOL. 34, PAGE 448, (Approved June 22, 1906)

ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR LEGISLATIVE, EXECUTIVE AND JUDICIAL EXPENSES.

Sec. 4. Hereafter the estimates for expenses of the Government, except those for sundry civil expenses, shall be prepared and submitted each year according to the order and arrangement of the appropriation Acts for the year preceding. And any changes in such order and arrangement, and transfers of salaries from one office or bureau to another office or bureau, or the consolidation of offices or bureaus desired by the head of any Executive Department may be submitted by note in the estimates. The Committees of Congress in reporting general appropriation bills shall, as far as may be practicable, follow the general order and arrangement of the respective appropriation acts for the year preceding.

Hereafter the heads of the several Executive Departments and all other officers authorized or required to make estimates for the public service shall include in their annual estimates furnished the Secretary of the Treasury, for inclusion in the Book of Estimates, all estimates of appropriations required for the service of the fiscal year for which they are prepared and submitted, and special or additional estimates for that fiscal year shall only be submitted to carry out laws subsequently enacted, or when deemed imperatively necessary for the public service by the Department in which they shall originate, in which case such special or additional estimate shall be accompanied by a full statement of its imperative necessity and reasons for its omission in the annual estimates.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, VOL. 34-1, PAGE 709. (Approved June 30, 1906)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, NINETEEN HUNDRED AND SEVEN, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

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• For maintenance of marine hospital stations, including subsistence, and for all other necessary miscellaneous expenses which are not included under special heads, two hundred and forty thousand dollars: Provided, That of this sum, such portion equal in amount to the cost of maintenance and subsistence of any given marine hospital station during the current fiscal year, shall not be expended in case the said hospital station be closed during any part of the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and seven,



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, FIFTY-NINTH CONGRESS, 2nd SESS., PAGE  
903, CHAP. MCXXXIV. (Approved February 20, 1907)

AN ACT TO REGULATE THE IMMIGRATION OF ALIENS INTO THE UNITED STATES.

Be it enacted, etc.,

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Sec. 17. That the physical and mental examination of all arriving aliens shall be made by medical officers of the United States Public Health and Marine Hospital Service, who shall have had at least two years' experience in the practice of their profession since receiving the degree of doctor of medicine and who shall certify for the information of the immigration officers and the boards of special inquiry hereinafter provided for, any and all physical and mental defects or diseases observed by said medical officers in any such alien, or, should medical officers of the United States Public Health and Marine Hospital Service be not available, civil surgeons of not less than four years' professional experience may be employed in such emergency for such service, upon such terms as may be prescribed by the Commissioner-General of Immigration under the direction or with the approval of the Secretary of Commerce and Labor. The United States Public Health and Marine Hospital Service shall be reimbursed by the Immigration Service for all expenditures incurred in carrying out the medical inspection of aliens under regulations of the Secretary of Commerce and Labor.

(Repealed by Sundry Civil Act approved Mar. 4,  
1909.)





(PUBLIC--NO. 108)

U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, VOL. 34, PART 1, PAGE 926.

AN ACT GRANTING TO THE COLUMBIA VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY A RIGHT OF WAY THROUGH FORT COLUMBIA MILITARY RESERVATION, AT SCARBOROUGH HEAD, IN THE STATE OF WASHINGTON, AND THROUGH THE UNITED STATES QUARANTINE STATION IN SECTION SEVENTEEN, TOWNSHIP NINE NORTH, RANGE NINE WEST OF WILLAMETTE MERIDIAN, IN SAID STATE OF WASHINGTON, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War may authorize the Columbia Valley Railroad Company to build a railroad and telegraph line through the Military Reservation at Scarborough Head, known as Fort Columbia, Washington, and to that end may set aside for occupancy by said Columbia Valley Railroad Company such ground, and no more, as is actually required for the track, embankment, trestle, and necessary buildings: Provided, That the ground so occupied shall remain the property of the United States under such police and other military control as the military authorities may deem it necessary to exercise: Provided further, That the location and grade of said railroad, the design and location of the station house and other buildings, and all other details of construction within the limits of the reservation, also all matters pertaining to the operation and maintenance of said railroad, shall be under such regulations as the Secretary of War may from time to time establish: Provided further, That nothing in this Act shall be construed as authorizing the use of any portion of the reservation as a borrow pit for fills and embankments: Provided further, That the said railroad company shall pay such reasonable annual rental for such right of way as may be fixed by the Secretary of War.

Sec. 2. That the Secretary of the Treasury may authorize the said Columbia Valley Railroad Company to build a railroad and telegraph line through the United States quarantine station grounds in section seventeen, township nine north, range nine west of the Willamette meridian, in the State of Washington, and to that end may set aside for occupancy by said Columbia Valley Railroad Company such ground and no more, as is actually required for the track, embankment, trestle, and necessary buildings: Provided, That the location and grade of said railroad and all other details of construction within the limits of said quarantine station, and also all matters pertaining to the operation and maintenance of said railroad, shall be under such regulations as the Secretary of the

THE HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES

The first part of the book is devoted to the early history of the United States, from the discovery of the continent to the establishment of the first colonies.

The second part of the book is devoted to the history of the United States from the establishment of the first colonies to the outbreak of the American Revolution.

The third part of the book is devoted to the history of the United States from the outbreak of the American Revolution to the end of the war.

The fourth part of the book is devoted to the history of the United States from the end of the war to the present time.

Treasury may from time to time establish: And provided further, That nothing in this Act shall be construed as authorizing the use of any portion of the reserve as a borrow pit for fills and embankments: And provided further, That the said railroad company shall pay such reasonable annual rental for such right of way as may be fixed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

(Approved, February 25, 1907.)



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, VOL. 34, PART 1, PAGE 1375. (Approved March 4, 1907 - 11 a. m.)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS TO SUPPLY DEFICIENCIES IN THE APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, NINETEEN HUNDRED AND SEVEN, AND FOR PRIOR YEARS, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and seven, and for prior years, and for other objects hereinafter stated, namely: \* \*\*\*\* \*

PUBLIC HEALTH AND MARINE-HOSPITAL SERVICE.

That the accounting officer of the Treasury Department be, and he is hereby, authorized to pay to R. H. von Emdorf, passed assistant surgeon, two hundred and twenty-two dollars and eighty-three cents, and H. P. Huddleson, clerk, fifty-eight dollars and fifty cents, out of the unexpended balance of the appropriation for the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, nineteen hundred and six, to reimburse them for actual expenses incurred under Department approval while on duty at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition in Saint Louis, Missouri.

Authority is hereby granted to use the sum of fifteen thousand dollars of the amount provided by the sundry civil Act approved June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and six, for "Pay, allowances, and commutation of quarters for commissioned medical officers and pharmacists," for "Pay of all other employees," and the sum of five thousand dollars of the amount provided for "Medical examinations, care of seamen, care and treatment of all other persons entitled to relief at other than marine hospitals, and to be used for like purposes as were the tonnage taxes prior to July first, nineteen hundred and six," for "Freight, transportation, and traveling expenses."





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, VOL. 34, PART 1, PAGE 1307. (Sundry  
Civil Act approved March 4, 1907)

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"Washington, District of Columbia, hygienic laboratory, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service: Additional building and grading, seventy-five thousand dollars."



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, VOL. 35, PART 1, PAGE 251. (Approved  
May 23, 1908.)

AN ACT TO REIMBURSE CERTAIN DEPARTMENTS OF THE GOVERNMENT FOR EXPENSES INCURRED INCIDENT TO THE RECENT FIRE IN CHELSEA, MASSACHUSETTS, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted, etc., \*

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"And that the accounting officers of the Treasury are also authorized and directed to allow in the accounts of the Marine Hospital Service located at Chelsea, Massachusetts, the sum of not exceeding one hundred and fifty dollars, expended in taking care of accident, emergency and maternity cases caused by the recent fire at said Chelsea. And the said hospital authorities are hereby authorized to expend in future cases of like character, out of their appropriations, an additional sum of not exceeding three thousand, six hundred dollars; such authority to be in force until such patients can be cared for in local hospitals, and not for a longer period than until the close of the fiscal year nineteen hundred and nine."





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, VOL. 35, PART 1, PAGE 969. (Approved  
March 4, 1909.)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE  
GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, NINETEEN  
HUNDRED AND TEN, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

(Under appropriation "Public Health and Marine-Hospital  
Service")

"In all, one million two hundred and sixty-six thousand seven  
hundred and fifty dollars, which shall include the amount neces-  
sary for the medical inspection of aliens, as required by section  
seventeen of the Act of Congress approved February twentieth, nine-  
teen hundred and seven, and the provision of said section of said  
Act requiring the reimbursement by the immigration fund for said  
expenses is hereby repealed."



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, VOL. 36, PART 1, PAGE 1394. (Approved  
March 4, 1911)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE GOVERN-  
MENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, NINETEEN HUNDRED  
AND TWELVE, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

(Under appropriation "Maintenance of leprosy hospital, Hawaii.")

"For maintenance of leprosy hospital, Hawaii, including pay  
of officers and employes: Provided, That the provisions of section  
seven of the Act of March third, nineteen hundred and five, as  
to compensation shall apply to said officers while engaged in in-  
vestigations of leprosy at Kalihi and other places in Hawaii, thir-  
ty-three thousand dollars."



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, SIXTY-FIRST CONGRESS, 3rd SESSION, VOL.  
36-1, PAGE 1394. (Approved March 4, 1911)

AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR SUNDRY CIVIL EXPENSES OF THE  
GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30th, NINETEEN HUNDRED  
AND TWELVE, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

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For maintenance of marine hospitals, including subsistence, and for all other necessary miscellaneous expenses which are not included under special heads, two hundred and thirty-seven thousand dollars; Provided, That there may be admitted into said hospitals, for study, persons with infectious or other diseases affecting the public health, and not to exceed ten cases in any one hospital at one time.





(PUBLIC--NO. 265.)  
(S. 2117.)

U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, VOL. 37, PART 1, PAGE 309. (Approved  
August 14, 1912.)

AN ACT TO CHANGE THE NAME OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH AND MARINE-HOSPITAL SERVICE TO THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE, TO INCREASE THE PAY OF OFFICERS OF SAID SERVICE, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service of the United States shall hereafter be known and designated as the Public Health Service, and all laws pertaining to the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service of the United States shall hereafter apply to the Public Health Service, and all regulations now in force, made in accordance with law for the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service of the United States shall apply to and remain in force as regulations of and for the Public Health Service until changed or rescinded. The Public Health Service may study and investigate the diseases of man and conditions influencing the propagation and spread thereof, including sanitation and sewage and the pollution either directly or indirectly of the navigable streams and lakes of the United States, and it may from time to time issue information in the form of publications for the use of the public.

Sec. 2. That beginning with the first day of October next after the passage of this Act the salaries of the commissioned medical officers of the Public Health Service shall be at the following rates per annum: Surgeon General, six thousand dollars; Assistant Surgeon General, four thousand dollars; senior surgeon, of which there shall be ten in number, on active duty, three thousand five hundred dollars; surgeon, three thousand dollars; passed assistant surgeon, two thousand four hundred dollars; assistant surgeon, two thousand dollars; and the said officers, excepting the Surgeon General, shall receive an additional compensation of ten per centum of the annual salary as above set forth for each five years' service, but not to exceed in all forty per centum: Provided, That the total salary, including the longevity increase, shall not exceed the following rates: Assistant Surgeon General, five thousand dollars; senior surgeon, four thousand five hundred dollars; surgeon, four thousand dollars: Provided further, That there may be employed in the Public Health Service such help as may be provided for from time to time by Congress.

Approved, August 14, 1912.



U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, VOL. 37, PART 1, PAGE 915. (Approved  
March 4, 1913.)

DEFICIENCY ACT.

\*\*\*\*\* Provided, That hereafter the director of the Hygienic  
Laboratory shall receive the pay and allowances of a senior surgeon.





U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, VOL. 38, PART 1, PAGE 24. (Approved  
June 23, 1914.)

SUNDRY CIVIL APPROPRIATION ACT.

For medical examinations, care of seamen, etc.\*\*\*\*\* Provided,  
That hereafter commissioned officers and pharmacists, and those  
employees of the service devoting all their time to field work,  
shall be entitled to hospital relief when taken sick or injured  
in line of duty.



(PUBLIC--NO. 118--63d CONGRESS.)  
(S.4377.)

U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, VOL. 38, PART 1, PAGE 387. (Approved  
June 24, 1914.)

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF TWO REVENUE CUTTERS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to construct one steam revenue cutter of the first class for service in the Gulf of Mexico, at a cost not to exceed the sum of \$225,000: Provided, That, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury, any of the revenue cutters provided for in this Act, or any other revenue cutter now or hereafter in commission, may be used to extend medical and surgical aid to the crews of American vessels engaged in the deep-sea fisheries, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may from time to time prescribe, and the said Secretary is hereby authorized to detail for duty on revenue cutters such surgeons and other persons of the Public Health Service as he may deem necessary.



(PUBLIC RESOLUTION--NO. 51--63d CONGRESS)  
(S. J. RES. 166.)

U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, VOL. 38, PART 1, PAGE 779. (Approved  
September 23, 1914.)

JOINT RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE PRESIDENT TO DESIGNATE TWO OFFICERS CONNECTED WITH THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE TO REPRESENT THE UNITED STATES AT THE SIXTH INTERNATIONAL SANITARY CONFERENCE OF AMERICAN STATES TO BE HELD AT MONTEVIDEO, URUGUAY, IN DECEMBER, NINETEEN HUNDRED AND FOURTEEN, AND MAKING AN APPROPRIATION TO PAY THE EXPENSES OF SAID REPRESENTATIVES, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President be, and he is hereby, authorized to appoint or designate two officers of the United States connected with the Public Health Service to represent the United States in the Sixth International Sanitary Conference of American States to be held at the city of Montevideo, Uruguay, in December, nineteen hundred and fourteen, and to pay the necessary expenses of said representatives in attending said conference, including the expenses of assembling the necessary data and of the preparation of a report, the sum of \$2,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Approved, September 23, 1914.

(Sixth International Sanitary Conference of American States was postponed, owing to the outbreak of the European War.)





(PUBLIC--NO. 223--63d CONGRESS.)  
(H. R. 6282.)

U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, VOL. 38, PART 1, PAGE 785. (Approved  
December 17, 1914.)

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE REGISTRATION OF, WITH COLLECTORS OF INTERNAL REVENUE, AND TO IMPOSE A SPECIAL TAX UPON ALL PERSONS WHO PRODUCE, IMPORT, MANUFACTURE, COMPOUND, DEAL IN, DISPENSE, SELL, DISTRIBUTE, OR GIVE AWAY OPIUM OR COCA LEAVES, THEIR SALTS, DERIVATIVES, OR PREPARATIONS, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That on and after the first day of March, nineteen hundred and fifteen, every person who produces, imports, manufactures, compounds, deals in, dispenses, sells, distributes, or gives away opium or coca leaves or any compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, or preparation thereof, shall register with the collector of internal revenue of the district his name or style, place of business, and place or places where such business is to be carried on: Provided, That the office, or if none, then the residence of any person shall be considered for the purposes of this Act to be his place of business. At the time of such registry and on or before the first day of July, annually thereafter, every person who produces, imports, manufactures, compounds, deals in, dispenses, sells, distributes, or gives away any of the aforesaid drugs shall pay to the said collector a special tax at the rate of \$1 per annum: Provided, That no employee of any person who produces, imports, manufactures, compounds, deals in, dispenses, sells, distributes, or gives away any of the aforesaid drugs, acting within the scope of his employment, shall be required to register or to pay the special tax provided by this section: Provided further, That the person who employs him shall have registered and paid the special tax as required by this section: Provided further, That officers of the United States Government who are lawfully engaged in making purchases of the above-named drugs for the various departments of the Army and Navy, the Public Health Service, and for Government hospitals and prisons, and officers of any State government, or of any county or municipality therein, who are lawfully engaged in making purchases of the above-named drugs for State, county, or municipal hospitals or prisons, and officials of any Territory or insular possession or the District of Columbia or of the United



States who are lawfully engaged in making purchases of the above-named drugs for hospitals or prisons therein shall not be required to register and pay the special tax as herein required.

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Approved, December 17, 1914.





(PUBLIC--NO. 316--63d CONGRESS.)  
(H. R. 16510.)

U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, VOL. 38, PART 1, PAGE 1191. (Approved  
March 4, 1915.)

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR RECOGNIZING THE SERVICES OF CERTAIN OFFICERS OF THE ARMY, NAVY, AND PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE FOR THEIR SERVICES IN CONNECTION WITH THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE PANAMA CANAL, TO EXTEND TO CERTAIN OF SUCH OFFICERS THE THANKS OF CONGRESS, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

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Sec. 4. That the President is further authorized, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint such officers of the Public Health Service as were detailed for duty with the Isthmian Canal Commission on the Isthmus of Panama for more than three years to the grade next above that at present held by such officers.

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Approved, March 4, 1915.



(PUBLIC--NO. 302--63d CONGRESS.)  
(S. 136.)

U. S. STATUTES AT LARGE, VOL. 38, PART 1, PAGE 1166. (Approved  
March 4, 1915)

AN ACT TO PROMOTE THE WELFARE OF AMERICAN SEAMEN IN THE MERCHANT MARINE OF THE UNITED STATES; TO ABOLISH ARREST AND IMPRISONMENT AS A PENALTY FOR DESERTION AND TO SECURE THE ABRIGATION OF TREATY PROVISIONS IN RELATION THERETO; AND TO PROMOTE SAFETY AT SEA.

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"Sec. 2. That on all merchant vessels of the United States the construction of which shall be begun after the passage of this Act, except yachts, pilot boats, or vessels of less than one hundred tons register, every place appropriated to the crew of the vessel shall have a space of not less than one hundred and twenty cubic feet and not less than sixteen square feet, measured on the floor or deck of that place, for each seaman or apprentice lodged therein, and each seaman shall have a separate berth and not more than one berth shall be placed one above another; such place or lodging shall be securely constructed, properly lighted, drained, heated, and ventilated, properly protected from weather and sea, and, as far as practicable, properly shut off and protected from the effluvium of cargo or bilge water. And every such crew space shall be kept free from goods or stores not being the personal property of the crew occupying said place in use during the voyage.

"That in addition to the space allotment for lodgings hereinbefore provided, on all merchant vessels of the United States which in the ordinary course of their trade make voyages of more than three days' duration between ports, and which carry a crew of twelve or more seamen, there shall be constructed a compartment, suitably separated from other places, for hospital purposes, and such compartment shall have at least one bunk for every twelve seamen, constituting her crew, provided that not more than six bunks shall be required in any case.

"Every steamboat of the United States plying upon the Mississippi River or its tributaries shall furnish an appropriate place for the crew, which shall conform to the requirements of this section, so far as they are applicable thereto, by providing sleeping room in the engine room of such steamboat, properly protected from the cold, wind, and rain by means of suitable awnings or screens on either side of the guards or sides and forward, reaching from the



boiler deck to the lower or main deck, under the direction and approval of the Supervising Inspector General of Steam Vessels, and shall be properly heated.

"All merchant vessels of the United States, the construction of which shall be begun after the passage of this act having more than ten men on deck must have at least one light, clean, and properly ventilated washing place. There shall be provided at least one washing outfit for every two men of the watch. The washing place shall be properly heated. A separate washing place shall be provided for the fireroom and engine-room men, if their number exceed ten, which shall be large enough to accommodate at least one-sixth of them at the same time, and have hot and cold water supply and a sufficient number of wash basins, sinks and shower baths.

"Any failure to comply with this section shall subject the owner or owners of such vessel to a penalty of not less than \$50 nor more than \$500; provided, that forecastles shall be fumigated at such intervals as may be provided by regulations to be issued by the Surgeon-General of the Public Health Service, with the approval of the Department of Commerce, and shall have at least two exits, one of which may be used in emergencies."

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Approved, March 4, 1915.









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